

PRIMARY RESULT IN CO.

Some Big Surprises are Shown
and Some Old Faces Will
be on Board

W. E. MILLER NOMINATED

Supervisor Ralph Chittenden of Gurnee
is Defeated for Re-Nomination by
Ex-Supervisor Clow

Various towns in Lake County nominated their town tickets Saturday and, in the various primaries, some surprises were seen, among the most important were these:

W. E. Miller, for many years Libertyville supervisor, jumped into the arena again in that town as candidate of the democrats against the republican nominee, Supervisor Henry Eger. Miller has been out of politics since Eger defeated him two years ago. His re-entrance precipitates a hard fight in Libertyville at the election in April, both men having a strong following.

Another surprise was the defeat for republican nomination for supervisor in Warren township, by Freeman Clow who won the nomination over Supervisor Ralph Chittenden by a vote of 117 to 97.

In Elia a hard fight was waged for the supervisor nomination in which Clem Small opposed Supervisor Emil Ficke but the latter won better than two to one.

In Wauconda it had been reported that former Supervisor Jack Raymond would oppose Supervisor Brooks, but he did not enter the race hence Mr. Brooks was unopposed.

Supervisor Maether of Vernon was also unopposed.

Below is given the various tickets placed in the various towns for supervisor.

Libertyville—H. B. Eger, republican 97, W. E. Miller, democratic, no opposition. Vernon—A. G. Maether, 79—E. A. Ficke, 198, C. G. Small, 79. Wauconda—E. W. Brook, no opposition. Warren—Freeman Clow, 117, Ralph Chittenden, 97. Benton—Assistant supervisor, A. F. Sorenson. Waukegan—Assistant supervisors John L. Cadmore, W. O. Samson, T. T. Emmons, James G. Welch, T. H. Meyer, Cuba Kirschner, Grant—Will Stratton, Shields—Assistant supervisor, O. D. Goss.

The holdover members of the board, Antioch—E. L. Simons, Antioch. Avon—Henry C. Edwards, Grayslake. Benton—Hiram W. Perry, Jr., Zion City. Deerfield—Theodore M. Clark, Highland Park. Fremont—Henry C. W. Meyer, Fremont. Newport—James G. Welch, Russell. Shields—James F. King, Lake Forest. Waukegan—Edward Conrad, Henry Deacon.

ANTIOCH SCHOOL NOTES

The following is the names of the pupils who were neither absent or tardy for the month of February:

High School Room.
Harold Huber, Laurel Powers, Donald Smart, Olive Young, Effie Kelly, and Pauline Scherf.

Intermediate Room.

Edwin Drom, Vivian Holdorf, Walter Harrower, Irene Keulman, Vera Kinrade, Carl Naber, Maurice Radtke, Virginia Radtke, Alonzo Runyard, Jessie Runyard, Lucile Runyard, Marguerite Savage, Arlene Stickels, Lenora Stickels, George Plaisow, Elizabeth Tenbrogan, Gordon Wells and Virgil Felter.

Grammar Room.

Daniel Lewis, Jeannette Wallace, Viola Kuhaupt, Robert Walton, Elizabeth Harrower, Jennie Willet, Ian Stickels, Marie Johannott, Pearl Harrower, Elmer Harrower, Vincent Dupre, Ruth Kinrade, Charlie Tiffany, Anna Drom, Russell Smith, Louis Shultis, Gladys Panowski, Ethel Runyard, Margaret Drom, William Morley, Frank Powers, Raymond Taylor, Edna Richards, Merrill Sabin, Seward Shultis and Earl Somerville.

The grammar room had a quarter holiday for good attendance and punctuality.

Primary Room.

George Keulman, Lucile Huber, Daisy Richards, Beulah Harrison, John Beebe, Russell Keulman and Viola Waters.

T. E. GRAHAM HONORED

Retiring Chairman of Board of Supervisors Presented With Resolutions

At the close of the last meeting of the board of Supervisors County Clerk Hendee read the following resolutions commending the retiring chairman Thos. E. Graham, who is at present seeking the nomination of minority representative from the eighth district.

Whereas this present meeting of the board of supervisors of Lake County, Illinois is the last one at which our honored fellow member, Thomas Graham of Ingleside, will preside as our President or gather with us even as a member of this Board, and

Whereas, for over fifteen years Thomas Graham has been one of us, during which time he has rendered to the County of Lake a faithful service as supervisor, and has been to all his fellow members of the Board a genial and loving friend, and

Whereas, for the past year he has acted as President of the Board with dignity, effectiveness and impartiality, and

Whereas, we desire that an intimate association among us for so long a time and a tenure on this Board of such unusual duration shall not terminate without a due memorial of our appreciation of such steadfast faithfulness in public service as has been that of Thomas Graham.

Therefore be it Resolved that on behalf of the Board of Supervisors of Lake County, Illinois, a vote of thanks be extended to Thomas Graham for his long years of valuable activity on this Board and a vote of appreciation for the spirit of geniality and kindness ever exhibited by him while among us, and

Be it Resolved That this Board wishes him the highest success in whatever channel his life may hereafter flow, and

Be it Resolved that this resolution be spread upon the records of the Board and a copy thereof given to Mr. Thomas Graham.

Mr. Graham then made a few fitting remarks thanking the board for its words and expressing appreciation of the manner in which the board had worked with him the past year and for his pleasant relations during his service as a member.

ANTIOCH TOWN ELECTION RESULT COMPLETE

The township primary caucus held on Saturday brought out a total of 265 votes. A lively scrap developed late in the afternoon between W. T. Taylor and J. S. Denman, for the office of collector, Taylor winning out by 18 votes. The only other contest was between John Martin and Pete Larson for the office of Highway Commissioner, the latter winning out by a majority of fifty.

Following is the complete vote cast for each candidate: For Town Clerk, W. S. Rinear, 197. For Assessor, C. E. Van Patten, 204. For Collector, W. T. Taylor 140; J. S. Denman, 122. For Highway Commissioner, John Martin 100; Pete Larson, 150. For Justice of the Peace, Harry Isaacs, 11. For Constable, Frank Hooper, 6. For Town Committee, George Webb, 170; Roy Pierce, 127; Eugene Herman, 176.

DEATH IS CAUSED BY DIPHTHERIA

Death visited the home of Wm. E. Volkman Tuesday morning and almost without warning removed therefrom the eldest child Alfonso.

The child whose age is about twelve years, had been staying with relatives at Burlington and attending school there, coming to his home here on Saturday for a couple of days stay. The first symptom of his illness was on Monday morning when he complained of a sore throat. Later in the day a physician was called but even then it was not considered serious. He continued to grow worse and Tuesday morning a consultation was held. The case was then pronounced diphtheria, and in less than three hours time he had breathed his last, passing away about ten o'clock.

Mr. Volkman was in Chicago at the time, having left home early Monday morning and was in ignorance of his sons death until his return home Tuesday evening.

Consent Always Obtained.

A court of common council of London, England, found after informal investigation of charges made that "no officer of the corporation ever played golf in business hours without the consent of the head of the department."

KILLED BY PASSENGER TRAIN

Unknown Man Stealing Ride
On Freight is Killed by Pas-
senger Train

COMPANION GIVES FACTS

Companion Is Unable to Give Clue to His
Identity, Having Known Him
Merely As "Joe"

An unknown man was run down and instantly killed by a fast passenger train at Roundout Saturday morning while he was trying to steal a ride on a freight train that was going in the opposite direction. His companion—a man named Robert Donke—was knocked from the freight train and fell between the two trains. He sustained several deep gashes about the head but it is believed that he will recover. Deputy Corner Conrad presided at the inquest which was held Sunday afternoon. A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

The identity of the dead man is a mystery. He was quite tall and neatly dressed and presented a rather refined appearance. He had told Donke that he was an Austrian and that he had lived in the United States about fourteen years. He said that he had no relatives in this country. He said his first name was "Joe" but he never revealed his last name. The two of them met in Minneapolis and because they were both stranded and "up against it" they decided to cast their lots together. They caught a freight train out of Minneapolis and began the rather dangerous practice of stealing rides. In some places they would stop long enough to work a little and in this way they managed to keep a little money on hand. It took them four weeks to make the trip from Minneapolis to Roundout.

They arrived at Roundout Saturday night in a box car. The next morning decided that they would walk the street car tracks to Chicago. They climbed to the top of an elevation and there spied a freight train approaching from the south. They decided that if they could catch a ride that it would be easier than walking.

They hurry to the tracks and as the train whirled past Donke leaped up and caught the iron railing on one of the cars. His vision was obscured by steam and smoke and he leaned way out so that he could see whether or not his companion had caught a ride also.

The next moment he was stuck by a crushing blow that knocked him from his position to the narrow space between the two tracks and a fast passenger train passed, so close that he marvelled at his escape.

Although seriously injured he staggered to his feet the train had passed and looked to see how his pal had fared. A mishapen form of flesh and clothes showed him the fate that had befallen his partner under the wheels of the passenger train.

The accident had been witnessed by several and they rushed to the assistance of the injured man. Dr. Churchill of Libertyville was called and attended his injuries.

At the inquest Donke testified that in his opinion his friend did not hear the approach of the passenger train on the other track and was struck just as he was about to climb aboard the freight train. There were no papers or letters which would help to identify the victim and despite the fact that he appears to be a man who has been used to better circumstances there is no way of conveying the information to any of his friends.

Yellow Jackets Held Steeple.

A contractor and three carpenters were painfully stung when they climbed to the top of the First Baptist church, in New Castle, Del., recently, to make repairs to the roof. Thousands of yellow jackets had made their home in the belfry, and they resented the intrusion and drove the men to the ground. One of the men made his way to the belfry and with tar paper closed all exits by which the insects could escape. Then he placed four sulphur candles under the cupola and lighted them. After the candles had burned out enough dead insects were found to fill a peach basket to overflowing, and the carpenters then resumed work on the church roof.

ENGINE KILLS OPERATOR

Barrington Man Has Body Crushed in Belt
of Gasoline Engine

John Jahnholz, twenty-three years old, a young man residing near Barrington was instantly killed Monday when he was caught in the heavy fly wheel of a gasoline engine. His head was crushed like an egg shell through its contact with the floor and ceiling and both arms and legs were broken and in fact his body was crushed almost out all semblance to a human form.

Jahnholz was working alone at the time of the accident. He was operating a feed cutter which was run by a gasoline engine. To shut off the machinery it was necessary first to shut off the gasoline and finally throw off the belt by means of pushing it to one side with a heavy piece of timber.

From indications it is presumed that after shutting off the power and before the fly wheel had ceased revolving, he had attempted to push the belt.

The piece of 2x4 that he was using evidently slipped and hit the spokes and presumably before he could get out of the way he was struck by the timber and knocked to the floor then quickly caught up and crashed against the ceiling.

It happened that the young man's brother was driving by the farm at the time of the accident. He testified at the coroner's inquest that he saw a gray looking object dashed against the ceiling and then fall to the floor. He leaped from his buggy and rushing up to the shed found that the gray object was his brother's body. Life was extinct when he arrived.

DEATH CLAIMS THUS. ARMSTRONG AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Last Sunday evening at nine o'clock at his home west of Loon Lake occurred the death of Mr. Thomas Armstrong. For many months he has been an intense sufferer, dropsy coupled with heart disease being the cause. From the first it was evident that his recovery was impossible and each week has marked a steady decline in his condition.

The deceased was born at LaFayette, Kean County, N. Y. March 13 1835, and died March 17, 1912, at the age of 77 years and 4 days. He was united in marriage to Miss Sarah E. Barnard on the fourth day of September, 1866, who with their family two sons, Sam and Lyman, and two daughters, Miss Emma Armstrong and Mrs. Chas. Wilton, are left to mourn his loss, besides his three grandchildren and many other relatives and friends.

The funeral services were held at the Antioch M. E. church, Wednesday afternoon at 1:00 o'clock with Rev. A. O. Stixrud officiating, and interment in the Hillside cemetery.

McMAHON HAS LEASED TROTTER TRACK

It develops that Dick McMahon, the horse trainer, has taken a lease on the Libertyville trotting track for the season and indications are that the track will see the biggest list of trotters there this year in its history. Here is what a Chicago paper's sporting writer said Sunday:

"Chicago will be the Mecca of a lot of trotting horse people this spring, due to the fact that Dick McMahon, who has leased the fine mile track at Libertyville, has arranged with Ed Geers and with the McKenzie stable of trotters and pacers to have the final preparations of those horses take place at the local course.

"Four or five years ago when Highball was the star of the Geers string the Tennessean made ready at Libertyville for a successful campaign, and he always has liked the track. The stable will come here from Memphis, probably the latter part of May, while the McKenzie horses will journey from California, where they have been wintered."

Beware of Cousins!

Cousins are not as simple as they seem. The very fact of being a cousin, or having a cousin, is complicated. The laissez-faire of cousinship is both eluding and deluding—cousins will be cousins, even if you did not choose them. They can borrow money from you, visit you without being asked, tell people they belong to your family, contest your will, even fall in love with you—and a cousin once removed is twice as apt to. Never completely trust a cousin—never depend on him not doing any of these things. Never take him for granted. The "cousinly kiss" may or may not mean what it means. And cousins always do kiss—it's part of being cousins.

(Not that cousins need necessarily prove perilous. Once in a blue moon they invite you to Europe, or leave you money, but that almost always takes an aunt or an uncle.)—Atlanta.

LUNDIN CHALLENGES DENEEN

Former Congressman Shows
Where Lincoln Leaguers
Stand in Campaign

ACCUSED OF FILLING PURSES

Exposes Attempt of So-Called Reformers
to Obscure the Real Issues in the
Present Campaign

In an open letter to Governor Deneen former Congressman Frederick Lundin Saturday exposed the attempt of so-called "reformers" to obscure the real issues in the present political campaign in Illinois.

The letter comes as an official challenge from the Lincoln league camp to all gubernatorial candidates who parade under the Republican banner to stand squarely upon the campaign issues. It is a plea to each of the candidates to give up sidestepping and "alley hooting" to "come out in the open" and measure themselves to the standards of honesty, personal integrity and courage.

The letter contains caustic criticism of the "reformers" attempt to inject false issues into the campaign by raising the cries of "bipartisanship" and "Lorimerism." It flays Governor Deneen for his alleged collusion to work his primary law to his own advantage, and asks him if he can measure up to the standards of honesty and courage which are the real issues.

Following is the letter:

"What are the real issues in this campaign?"

"The real issues are honesty and courage in public life, opposed to hypocrisy and political chicanery by fake reformers who are subservient tools of newspaper owners. The newspaper owners are fattening their purses by profits obtained from school leases.

"You hear Governor Deneen cry 'Lorimerism.' Why don't he define 'Lorimerism'? Governor Deneen knows better than any living man in the state of Illinois that Senator William Lorimer is the most courageous man in public life in this state. Governor Deneen also knows better than any living man in the state of Illinois that William Lorimer is an honest man. But this is not an issue in this campaign.

"You, Mr. Deneen are a candidate for Governor. The question is are you an honest man? If so, why don't you return the \$243,000 in fees which you collected as state's attorney from the school fund? You testified under oath that you had these fees in your possession and that you had appropriated them for your own personal use. When you were a candidate for state's attorney you promised voters in a meeting at Speitz's hall on the North Side that you would not accept these fees. What are you going to do about that.

"Governor Deneen you talk about 'bipartisanship.' Why did you not deny my sworn statement in Washington, or why did you not have your four political ward heelers and pay check cashers deny my testimony? The reason is that I told the truth when I said that you requested me to assist you to elect William Lorimer to the office of Union States Senator.

"Governor Deneen why did you cheat your opponents out of first place on the ballot? Don't you think you exhibit a hungry appetite for public office when you stoop to collusion with the secretary of state, in the fact of all precedents, law and decency, to violate the primary law by certifying to your petition as first filed when you know that Len Small's petition was at the secretary of state's office first?"

In explanation of the open letter Mr. Lundin said that, while it is aimed at Governor Deneen, it is a challenge to all candidates for Governor to measure their personal honesty and their fitness for the office with the honesty of Len Small.

Chinese Salutation.

The Chinese salutation consists of clasping the left hand with the right and waving it up and down, at the same time bowing deeply; or, if unusual respect is wished to be evinced, the Chinaman bows as low as is possible, swinging his clasped hands backwards and forwards.

NOT TO REVOKE POLICIES

Executive Council Will Take No Steps to
Expel Those who Oppose New Rates

Attorney C. T. Heydecker returned to his home in Waukegan the latter part of the week after having spent a number of days at Rock Island attending an important conference of the Modern Woodmen of America.

Practically every camp in the entire state was represented at the meeting and a discussion of the proposed new rates was the object of the gathering.

Matters were fully discussed and a number of prominent men in the circles of Woodcraft throughout the state were present. E. S. Smith of Springfield, who has been a Woodman for longer perhaps than nine tenths of members now living, was one of the speakers and he claimed that the rates could not be enforced. The matter of the corporation now making preparation for the future years was touched upon and the general opinion was that the rates at the present time were sufficient to take care of the needs of the society.

This month the death claims have exceeded \$1,500,000, which is a little more than the rates at the present time are bringing in, but this is excessive and it is claimed does not happen once in ten years.

On Monday of this week it was announced that the executive council of order, which is now in session at Rock Island would take no action looking to the expulsion of members of the society who are opposing the increased rates.

A committee from the national assembly, recently held in Minneapolis will appear before the Rock Island convention this week and petition for another head camp meeting to reconsider the rate question.

HICKORY COUPLE ARE MARRIED ON WEDNESDAY

On Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Antioch M. E. parsonage Rev. A. O. Stixrud united in marriage Frank G. Edwards and Miss Corena Kaluf, both of Hickory. The wedding plans of the young couple had been kept a secret and only the nearest relatives of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards left on the afternoon train for Iowa where they will visit for a couple of weeks, and up on their return will make their home at Hickory.

The News joins with their many friends in wishing them an abundance of happiness and prosperity.

Special Gravel Tax Notice

A petition having been filed in the office of the town clerk, with the necessary number of signatures, notice is hereby given that at the time of holding the next annual town meeting in said township, a vote will be taken "for" or "against" levying a tax of thirty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation of all taxable property, including railroads in said township for three years, for the purpose of constructing and maintaining gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads in said township, the location and routes of said proposed roads to be as follows:

Beginning on the north line of section twenty (20), township forty-six (46) north range ten (10) east principal meridian, where said north line is intersected by the highway running north-easterly and southerly through said section, and where said highway is intersected by the highway on the north line of said section commonly known as Porter's Corners; thence in a southerly direction as said highway is now located in and through section twenty (20) and twenty nine (29); township and range aforesaid, to a point where said highway intersects the south line of said section twenty-nine (29) and being at or about the northerly corporate line of the village of Lake Villa, County of Lake and State of Illinois.

Also beginning at a point in section seventeen (17) township forty-six (46) north range ten (10) east of the third principal meridian, where the road as now located running northerly and southerly through said section is intersected by the road as now located running easterly and westerly through the easterly half of said section commonly known as Wedge's Corners; thence easterly as said highway is now located through sections seventeen (17), sixteen (16), fifteen (15), fourteen (14), and thirteen (13) in the township and range aforesaid to a point on the easterly line of said township where the said easterly line is intersected by said road.

Uses of Alienists.

Whatever should we do without alienists, who tell us things everybody knows in language that nobody understands?

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

NOT ENOUGH THAT HE WRITE

Modern Author Is Provided by His Publisher With Another Less Pleasant Vocation.

After dinner speaking is a part of the trade of authorship nowadays, the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Times-Star writes. The men who are being featured in the popular magazines have become peripatetic playboys of oratory. They are called on to spatter bon mots and spatter humor as soon as the match is lighted. The magazines and publishing houses send their authors to every banquet within reach. The unfortunate have to keep their evening clothes by the bedside, and be ready to slide down a brass pole like a fireman as soon as a dinner alarm is sounded. The small fry of writers attend all sorts of dinners, from the annual reunion of the Sons of Sour Mash to the feast spread by the Amalgamated Order of Coach and Town Painters. But the big chiefs—like the Irwin Brothers and John O'Hara Cosgrave and Gelett Burgess—only cover dinners for which the "three nines" are sounded. Then you can see them dashing madly through the streets in taxicabs, wearily getting into the first part regalia and buttoning collars, and muttering the now stuff with which the dinners are to be regaled that night. It isn't any wonder that they get away to the woods as soon as the woods are opened in the spring. They have to restore digestion impaired by a nightly procession of nine courses and five wines. "I've become a kind of refined wine agent," said one of them the other day. "I ought to put out a sign: 'All dinners eaten with neatness and despatch. We pride ourselves on our refinement.' There is just one place where I have it on a wine man. He has to drink wine. It's part of his business. Whereas if I drink beer it is regarded as an eccentricity of genius."

Indian Girl's Good Shot.

One of the prettiest exhibitions of marksmanship ever seen here was witnessed by a crowd in the vicinity of the postoffice.

One of the halyards attached to a flag on a high pole of a riding device snapped and the flag and halyard twisted themselves into the pulley in such a way that it was impossible to get the flag down. The manager offered \$25 to any one who would get the flag down. Wenona, an Indian girl, overheard him and procured her rifle.

From where she stood to where the flag was flying from the pole was fully 800 feet. The pulley was so well concealed by the flag that only a small piece of the top of the eyelet was visible. Carefully sighting, Wenona fired, and the first shot cut the pulley from the pole and sent the flag flying down.—Venice Correspondence Denver Times.

Royalty Travels Incognito.

Nearly every member of the British royal family adopts a pseudonym when traveling otherwise than on state occasions. The duke and duchess of Connaught chose the incognito title of earl and countess of Sussex when they made their continental journeys, and Princess Louise, duchess of Argyll, and the duke of Argyll travel as Lord and Lady Sundridge, this being one of the Argyll minor titles.

Before her marriage Queen Maud of Norway occasionally called herself by the unpretentious name of Miss Mills. Queen Victoria always traveled as countess of Balmoral, though, curiously enough, her heavy luggage was generally labeled "The Queen."

To Stock Lakes With Frogs.

The department of commerce and labor of the United States will make an investigation of the possibilities of the frog industry, according to a letter received by George H. Hazard, interstate park commissioner at St. Paul. The letter was in answer to Mr. Hazard's letter asking that the department stock some of the inland lakes with frogs.

The commissioner of fisheries declares that he has had the subject under consideration for some time. He believes there are opportunities in the industry.

Whale Meat as Chicken Feed.

Now they are feeding that whale to the Eastport chickens with wonderful results. The flesh of the whale is very much like ordinary beef in texture and appearance.

The poultry men maintain that it is the best and most economical egg-producing food that they can buy, because it is really very nutritious, rich in oil, free from bone and practically fresh owing to the intense cold of the past few weeks.—Lewiston Journal.

A Stickler.

Howell—Rowell is a man of tenacity.

Powell—Yes; if he were a dog and got a grip on your trousers you would be perfectly safe in ordering a new pair.

Melodramatic.

"Was there a halfbreath escape?"

"Just fair."

"Yes. The author managed to get away by crawling through a rear window."

To the Republican Voters of the Eighth Senatorial District

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the House of Representatives of the next General Assembly, subject to the Republican primary to be held April 9, 1912.

I had intended not to be a candidate at this time, but the same power and influence working along the lines of destroying local self-government in the counties and townships and centralizing all power at Springfield, is again seeking to control Republican affairs at Springfield, and in fact two months ago commenced a campaign against me and my record at Springfield, especially upon the dairy subject and upon other questions, so that I have yielded to the solicitation of many friends that I have over the district, asking me to again be a candidate for the Lower House.

In this campaign I shall try to set before every Republican voter and the dairymen of the Eighth Senatorial District the exact situation as to dairy legislation at Springfield; and also along the other lines that have been and now are insidiously working to destroy the power of local township, city and county governments in the State of Illinois and establish a great job-holders' trust at Springfield.

I submit in this sheet the question of SCHOOLS, and whether the local counties are capable of self-government in the management of their schools and the Certification of Teachers, or whether that power should be exercised at Springfield.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION AND LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT

1. Do you believe in LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT?

2. Do you think that the OFFICE OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT SHOULD BE ABOLISHED and all of its POWERS TRANSFERRED TO SPRINGFIELD? See Senate Bill No. 414.

3. Is a certificate a COUNTY CERTIFICATE if the County Superintendent merely SIGNS his name to it? As it is now, he makes his own QUESTIONS, RULES and REGULATIONS and GRADES THE PAPERS, etc. This bill TAKES ALL THESE POWERS FROM HIM. See Sec. 6.

4. Do you believe that the TEACHERS' INSTITUTE—the COMMON PEOPLE'S NORMAL—SHOULD BE ABOLISHED and all training of the beginners left to the College? The TEACHERS' INSTITUTE is RECOGNIZED as a school for the BEGINNING TEACHERS from the COMMON PEOPLE WHO ARE UNABLE to attend higher schools. Why CRIPPLE it FINANCIALLY (see Sec. 11) and MAKE the County Superintendent a FIGUREHEAD? See Sections 6, 8, 11 and 15.

5. Should applicants have the RIGHT TO IGNORE the County Superintendent and go to the State Superintendent, EXCEPT BY AN APPEAL? See Sec. 6.

6. Why make the DIPLOMA of a HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE the basis for teaching in all COMMON SCHOOLS in Illinois?

7. Do you believe that RURAL and CITY schools can be superintended the best, through the certification of teachers, by a COMMISSION AT SPRINGFIELD or by a LOCAL COUNTY OFFICER WHOM YOU ELECT AND KNOW and whom you can call in TO SEE THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS BEFORE ACTION? See Sections 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 13 and 15.

8. Do you believe that we need a "COUNCIL OF EDUCATION" AT SPRINGFIELD? See Sec. 15.

9. Do we need an EXAMINING BOARD AT SPRINGFIELD to take the place of the County Superintendent or to improve our schools by the selection of teachers whose "PERSONALITY" and "GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS OTHER THAN SCHOLARSHIP" may be BEST DETERMINED BY "LONG RANGE METHODS"? See Sec. 3.

10. Do you believe a NATURAL SENTIMENT arising from EXISTING CONDITIONS created this bill or was it not another CREATION OF THE "JOB TRUST" at Springfield? Talk with your neighbors.

11. On March 30, 1911, (see Senate Journal 1911, page 581) this bill PASSED the ILLINOIS STATE SENATE. SENATOR A. J. OLSON VOTED FOR THE BILL.

This bill was DEFEATED IN THE HOUSE.

Senate Bill No. 414, Introduced in the Senate March 23, 1911—A Bill for An Act to Provide for the Certification of Teachers

SECTION 1. No person shall receive for teaching in the common schools of this state any part of any public school fund who does not hold a certificate of qualification covering the entire period of his employment and granted by THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, a County Superintendent, or in a city having a population exceeding 100,000 inhabitants, by the Board of Education of such city.

SECTION 2. State certificates granted by the Superintendent of public instruction and the requirements for the same are as follows:

1. A life elementary school certificate.

2. A life high school certificate.

3. Supervisory certificates of two grades, first and second. A second grade supervisory certificate shall be valid for five years for supervisory work in any district in the state and for teaching in schools supervised by the holder. A first grade or life supervisory certificate shall be valid for supervisory work and for teaching in any district in the state.

SECTION 5. County certificates granted by the county superintendents and the requirements for the same shall be as follows:

A third grade elementary school certificate valid for one year in the elementary schools in the county in which it is issued. Applicants for such certificates shall be required to pass an examination in such subjects of the elementary school curriculum as may be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The issuing of this form of certificate may be discontinued at the option of the superintendent of public instruction.

2. A second grade elementary school certificate valid for two years in the elementary schools. The requirements for this form of certificate shall be graduation from a recognized high school or the completion of an equivalent preparation and a successful examination

in any of the methods of teaching and such other subjects of the elementary school curriculum as may be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

3. A first grade elementary school certificate valid for three years in the elementary schools, renewable indefinitely for periods of three years. Requirements shall be graduation from a recognized high school or an equivalent preparation and four years successful teaching and an examination, etc., from a list of subjects prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.

4. A limited high school certificate valid for one year, etc. Requirements, graduation from a recognized high school, etc., and a successful examination in English, etc., chosen from a list prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. The issuing of this form of certificate may be discontinued at the option of the superintendent of public instruction.

5. A high school certificate, upon an examination upon subjects chosen from a list prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, etc.

SECTION 6. Examinations for county certificates shall be held at the various county seats on the same day, under such rules as may be prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction, and questions for each examination shall be uniform throughout the state, and prepared by a committee of seven county superintendents appointed by the superintendent of public instruction. Such questions shall be forwarded to the county superintendents, under seal, to be broken only at the time of examination and in the presence of applicants. The county superintendent shall conduct the examination in his county and at the close of the examination all papers shall be graded by the county superintendent or the superintendent of public instruction, at the option of the applicant, such option to be declared in advance

of the examination. The papers sent to the superintendent of public instruction, when graded, shall be returned to the county superintendent, who shall issue the certificate of the kind designated to each applicant in his county who has passed the examination.

SECTION 8. An applicant for a certificate who has not completed a high school course shall be admitted to a preliminary examination, set by the superintendent of public instruction, on subjects announced in advance, for the purpose of determining whether such applicant possesses an equivalent preparation.

SECTION 13. Committee of seven appointed by the superintendent of public instruction shall be called a "Council of Education" and shall determine what the word "recognized" means when used in this act in connection with the word "school," "college" or "university." The rules of such council shall also be final in the matter of determining the meaning of the words "high school" and "equivalent preparation" as used in this act, and all other words and phrases in this act which have no recognized legal definition.

SECTION 15. For the purpose of assisting the superintendent of public instruction in carrying into effect the provisions of this act, a council of education is hereby established, consisting of eight members, the superintendent of public instruction, who shall be chairman, and seven others appointed by him, representing the following school interests: The University of Illinois, the State Normal Schools, the Non-State Colleges and Universities, the City Superintendency and the County Superintendency, the State High Schools, the Non-State Schools.

The incidental expenses of the council and the necessary traveling and other incidental expenses of its members, incurred in the performance of their official duties, shall be paid from the state treasury, from funds appropriated, etc.

The above was an administration measure, urged and insisted by Gov. Deneen, and received the support of Gov. Deneen's friends in the Senate.

During the last four years, at every regular session and at two special sessions called for that purpose, the state administration has endeavored to pass a measure bonding the State of Illinois in the sum of twenty million dollars, to construct a deep waterway, so-called, and develop water power and buy water power sites on the Illinois river, for which there would not be one dollar's worth of compensation, consideration or benefit to the people of the Eighth Senatorial District. The proportion of this bond issue, with the interest

upon the bonds during the time of construction, would mean a bond issue upon

LAKE COUNTY OF.....\$215,504.94

McHENRY COUNTY OF.....\$178,821.09

BOONE COUNTY OF.....\$ 87,894.73

Senator Olson has voted for these bills. They have been state administration measures, and AT EACH TIME HAVE BEEN DEFEATED IN THE LOWER HOUSE.

Next week I shall have something to say as a resume upon ROADS, TAXATION, ASSESSMENTS and SCHOOLS.

Very Respectfully,

EDWARD D. SHURTLEFF.

WILL EXPLORE THE DEAD SEA

German Scientists, Headed by Dr. Ludwig Bruhl, to Take Part in Expedition.

An expedition for thorough scientific exploration of the Dead Sea has been arranged. Reports concerning it have been in circulation for some time, and now the distinguished scientists who compose the party are in Jerusalem and are to embark on a motor boat which was repaired for the trip on or about November 15. This boat was used for the past few years to carry wheat from the south end of the Dead Sea to its northern shores, whence it



Gorge of the River Arnon.

is transported by camels to Jerusalem. This craft was wrecked and badly damaged a few months ago. By arrangement with its owners, the business manager of the expedition had the boat thoroughly repaired and overhauled for the use of the expedition.

The members of the expedition are: Dr. Ludwig Bruhl, who leads the enterprise and who undertakes the hydrographic and biological work; Director R. Koefoed, assisted by Prof. S. P. L. Sorensen, head of the chemical department of the well known "Karlsberg-Laboratoriums," the means for the chemical researches being furnished by the Karlsberg fund in Copenhagen and Herman Schoede of Berlin.

It is planned that these scientists shall devote about three months to this work, returning to Europe about the end of January. Of this time thirty or forty days will be spent on the Dead Sea itself, and the rest of the time in land work ashore. It is announced that the investigations will follow on the same line with the United States survey of the Dead Sea by Lieutenant Lynch in 1848, as far as that admirable work extended. It will follow up the lines of the Duke de Luynes's explorations in 1864. Since these dates no important hydrographic or chemical researches have been made. At the command of the late sultan of Turkey Dr. Blankenhorn made investigations in different scientific directions a few years ago, whose preliminary report touched on many questions of much interest, but as far as the writer can ascertain, his final report has not been made accessible to scholars generally.

It is popularly asserted that the depth of the Dead Sea has been gradually increasing during the last few decades—that is not to say that the waters have been steadily encroaching on the shores. This apparently is proved by the existence of partly submerged forests on the east shore and by gradual disappearance of an island that appears in sketches and photographs of the north end of the sea made thirty or forty years ago. This question will doubtless be authoritatively decided by the investigations about to be made.

RAZE FIRST THEATER IN U. S.

Philadelphia Landmark Being Demolished—Built Against Opposition in 1759.

Philadelphia.—The building occupied by the first theater in the United States is being demolished to make way for a big business establishment. The early theater was built in 1759 and opened a year later with Hallam's company of players from England.

So great was the opposition to a theater in Philadelphia that the building was located just outside the confines of the city proper, in the old district of Southwark, in a locality then in ill-repute, known to the wits of the town as "Society Hill," but even there efforts were made to suppress it. The theater burned in 1821, but was rebuilt, and in recent years had been used as a distillery.

MADE AUTO EARN ITS KEEP

South Dakotan Uses Machine In Bad Weather to Complete a Farm Power Plant.

Bijou Hills, S. D.—C. B. Creamer, a farmer near here, has been able to make his automobile "earn its keep" since the roads became too bad for automobiling. Last fall he took the engine from his 40-horsepower car and mounted it upon a substantial base in a frost proof building. Taking the governor from his talking machine he attached it to the engine and has completed a power plant with which he grinds feed, shells corn and runs the chump and grindstone.

A Quarter Century

Before the public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples prove the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen Tender feet. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

No, Alonzo, a girl isn't necessarily an angel because she is a high flyer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Bad luck is often but another name for poor management.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of R. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

A woman seldom eats if there is anything else for her to do.

Every one is liable to a bilious attack. Be forewarned with a package of Garfield Tea.

But it takes a woman to keep a secret she doesn't know.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

Usually a man is a poor judge of his own importance.



A GOOD car that has been used and then properly overhauled is a better investment than a brand new cheap car. We neither handle, recommend, nor sell motor cars that will not run and give good service. Every car we offer for sale is a "buy" in every sense of the word. Our guarantee is your protection.

You can purchase one of these and have your local wagon maker build a delivery body for you, to suit your own requirements. Think of the convenience of a reliable delivery wagon and touring car combination for a moderate price.

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We may have just the car you are looking for.

Write us your preference—seating capacity, kind of body, etc. We will tell you frankly whether we have a car we can recommend to you. If we have, the price will be right, and you can deal with us satisfactorily, no matter where you live. Our stock includes many of the most famous cars in America.

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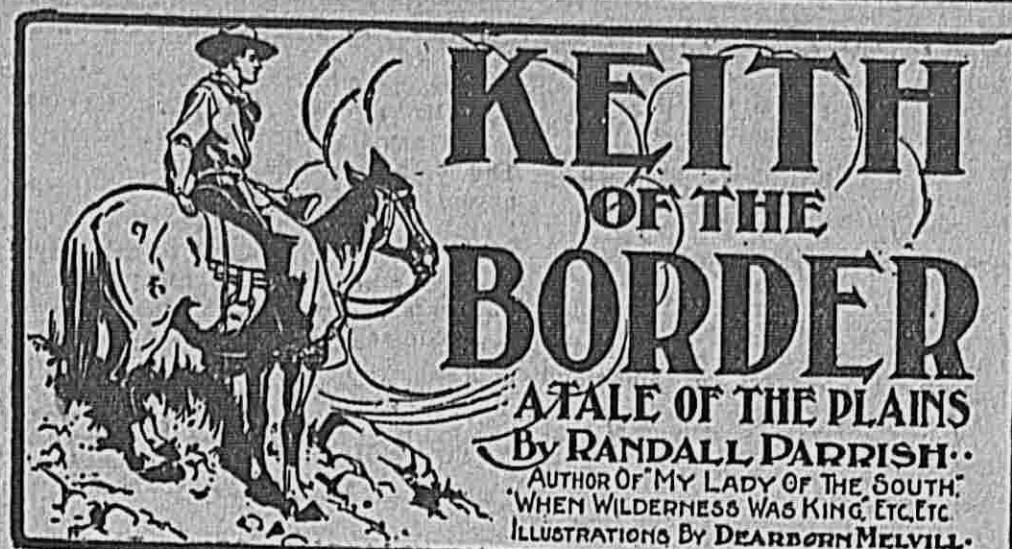
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SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

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FOR COUGHS AND COLDS



KEITH OF THE BORDER

A TALE OF THE PLAINS

By RANDALL PARRISH

AUTHOR OF 'MY LADY OF THE SOUTH', 'WHEN WILDERNESS WAS KING', ETC.

ILLUSTRATIONS BY DEARBORN MELVILL

SYNOPSIS.

Jack Keith, a Virginian, now a border platoonman, is looking for roaming parties of savages. He sees a wagon team at full gallop pursued by men on ponies. When Keith reaches the wagon, the raiders have massacred two men and a woman. He searches the victims finding a rufian named Black Bart. A negro companion in his cell named Keith tells him that he knew the Virginian in Virginia. Keith meets an old man, Mr. Hope, who says one of the murdered men was John Sibley, the other Gen. Willie Walton, a Confederate officer. The platoonman says a young girl, whom Keith thinks he saw at Carson City. The girl explains that she is in search of a brother, who has deserted from the army, and that a cabin while he sought her brother. Hawley appears, and Keith in hiding recognizes him as Black Bart. There is a terrific battle in the darkened room in which Keith is victor. Hawley is appropriated, and the girl, who says that her name is Hope, joins in the fight. Keith makes his situation and the fugitives make for Fort Larned, where the girl is left with the hotel landlady. Miss Hope tells that she is the daughter of General Walton. Keith and Neb drift into Sheridan, where Keith meets an old friend, Dr. Fairbairn. Under the assumed name of Fred Willoughby, and becomes convinced that Black Bart has some plot involving the two. Hope learns that Gen. Walton, who was thought murdered, is at Sheridan. Keith meets the real Christie MacLaird and finds that Black Bart has convinced her that there is a mystery in her life which he is going to turn to her advantage. The platoonman tells Hope that he is her resemblance to Christie MacLaird. They decide that Fred Willoughby may hold the key to the situation. Keith and Willoughby shot dead. Hope is told of the death of her brother. Keith fails to learn what representations Black Bart has made to Christie MacLaird. Hope suggests that in order to learn the secret she must briefly impersonate the stage singer. Dr. Fairbairn is in love with Christie MacLaird and Keith induces him to detain her from the stage while Hope goes to the theater where she meets Black Bart, who, thus deceived, tells Hope that General Walton has suspected his plans and that they must by Hope greatly alarmed, denounce. General Walton appears and says Black Bart has stolen papers from him regarding an inheritance. Keith is informed that Christie MacLaird's real name is Phyllis Gale and that she is the half sister of Hope. The latter has been carried away by Black Bart and his gang. Dr. Fairbairn avows his love for Phyllis and she accepts him. Keith and his friends strike the trail of Black Bart. They find Hope has been taken back to the old cabin. The wilderness cabin is the scene of a fight in which O'Connell, the Indian, is slain.

CHAPTER XXXV—(Continued.)

"It's the Indian," he said grimly, "Sanchez must 'a' mistook him for one of us, and shot the poor devil."

And Sanchez himself is out yonder on that sand-pit, and Keith pointed; then lifted his voice to make it carry across the stream. "Come on over, Doctor, you and Neb. We've got the gang. Bring that body out there along with you."

The "Bar X" man waded out to help, and the three together laid the dead Mexican outlaw on the bank, beside the Indian he had shot down in his effort to escape. Keith stood for a moment bending low to look curiously into the dead face—wrinkled, scarred, still featuring cruelty, the thin lips drawn back in a snarl. What scenes of horror those eyes had gazed upon during fifty years of crime; what suffering of men, women, children; what deeds of rapine; what examples of merciless hate. Juan Sanchez—the very sound of the name made the blood run cold. "Dead or alive!" Well, they had him at last—dead; and the platoonman shuddered, as he turned away.

Taking Fairbairn with him and hastily reviewing late occurrences to him, Keith crossed over to the corral, realizing that their work—his work—was not wholly done until Hawley had been located. With this quest in mind he strode straight to the black-bearded giant who had guarded Hope from Sheridan.

"What is your name?" he asked sharply.

The man looked up scowling.

"Hatchett," he answered gruffly.

"Well, Hatchett, I am going to ask you a question or two, and advise you to reply just about as straight as you know how. I am in no mood to-night for any foolishness. Where is Black Bart, Hawley?"

"How in hell should I know?"

"You do know, just the same. Perhaps not to an inch, or a mile, but you know near enough where he is, and where he has been since you left Sheridan."

"If I do, I'm damned if I'll tell you. No? Well now, Hatchett, listen to me, and Keith's voice had in it the click of a steel trap. "You'll either answer, and answer straight, or we'll hang you to that cottonwood in about five minutes. If you want a chance for your miserable life you answer me. We have our way of treating your kind out in this country. Sit up, you brute! Now where did Hawley go after he let you?"

"To Fort Larned."

"After those fresh horses?"

"Yes."

"He didn't bring them to you; I know that. Where has he been since?"

"Topeky and Leavenworth."

"How do you know?"

"He writ me a note the boss herder brought."

"Hand it over."

Keith took the dirty slip of paper the man reluctantly extracted from his belt, and Fairbairn lit matches while he ran his eyes hastily over the

lines. As he ended he crushed the paper between his fingers, and walked away to the end of the corral. He wanted to be alone, to think, to decide definitely upon what he ought to do. Hawley, according to the schedule just read, must have left Larned alone early the day before; this night he would be camped at the water-hole; with daybreak he expected to resume his lonely journey across the desert to the Salt Fork. For years Keith had lived a primitive life, and in some ways his thought had grown primitive. His code of honor was that of the border, tinged by that of the South before the war. The antagonism existing between him and this gambler was personal, private, deadly—not an affair for any others—outsiders—to meddle with. He could wait here, and permit Hawley to be made captive; could watch him ride unsuspectingly into the power of these armed men, and then turn him over to the law to be dealt with. The very thought nauseated him. That would be a coward's act, leaving a stain never to be eradicated. No, he must meet this as



The Eyes of the Two Met in Defiance.

became a man, and now, now before Hope so much as dreamed of his purpose—aye, and before he spoke another word of love to Hope. He wheeled about fully decided on his course, his duty, and met Fairbairn face to face.

"Jack," the latter said earnestly, "I read the note over your shoulder, and of course I know what you mean to do. A Southern gentleman could not choose otherwise. But I've come here to beg you to let me have the chance."

"You?" surprised and curious.

"What greater claim on that fellow's life have you than I?"

The pudgy hands of the doctor grasped the platoonman's shoulders.

"It's for Christie," he explained brokenly. "She was the one he tried to run away with. You—you know how I feel."

"Sure, I know," shaking the other off, yet not roughly. "But it happened to be Miss Walton he took, and so this is my job, Fairbairn. Besides, I've got another score to settle with him."

He wasted little time upon preparations—a few brief words of instruction to Bristow; a request to the doctor not to leave Hope alone; the extracting of a promise from the two "Bar X" men to return to Larned with the prisoners. Then he roped the best horse in the corral, saddled and bridled him, and went into the cabin. She had a light burning, and met him at the door.

"I thought you would never come, but they told me you were unhurt."

"Not a scratch, little girl; we have been a lucky bunch. But I have had a great deal to look after. Now I shall be obliged to ride ahead as far as the water-hole, and let you come on with the others a little later, after you get breakfast. You can spare me a few hours, can't you?"

His tone was full of good humor, and his lips smiling, yet somehow she felt her heart sink, an inexplicable fear finding expression in her eyes.

"But—but why do you need to go? Couldn't some of the others?"

"There is a reason which I will explain later," he said, more gravely. "Surely you can trust me, Hope, and feel that I am only doing what it seems absolutely necessary for me to do?"

He bent down and kissed her. "It will be only for a few hours, and no cause for worry. Good-bye now, until we meet to-night at the water-hole."

The east was gray with coming daylight as he rode splashing across the stream and up the opposite bank. She watched him, rubbing the blinding mist from her eyes, until horse and man became a mere dark speck, finally fading away completely into the dull plain of the desert.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

The Duel in the Desert.

Keith rode straight forward into the sandy desolation, spurring his horse into a swift trot. After one glance backward as they clambered up the steep bank, a glance which revealed Hope's slender form in the cabin doorway, his eyes never turned again that way. He had a man's stern work to do out yonder, and his purpose could not be swerved, his firmness of hand and keenness of eye affected, by any thought of her. His lips compressed, his fingers gripping the rein, he drove all regretful memory from his mind, until every nerve within him throbbled in unison with his present purpose. He was right; he knew he was right. It was not hate, not even revenge, which had set him forth, leaving Hope behind, but honor—the honor of the South, and of the frontier, of his ancestry and his training—honor that

But there was nothing, absolutely nothing—just that seemingly endless stretch of sand, circled by the blazing sky, the wind sweeping its surface soundless and hot, as though from the pits of hell; no stir, no motion, no movement of anything animate or inanimate to break the awful monotony. Death! It was death everywhere! His aching eyes rested on nothing but what was typical of death. Even the heat waves seemed fantastic, grotesque, assuming spectral forms.

With every step of advance the brooding silence seemed more profound, more deathlike. He got to marking the sand ridges, the slight variations giving play to the brain. Way off to the left was the mirage of a lake, apparently so real that he had to battle with himself to keep from turning aside. He dropped forward in the saddle, his head hanging low, so blinded by the incessant sun glare he could no longer bear the glitter of that horrible ocean of sand. It was noon now—noon, and he had been riding steadily seven hours. The thought brought his blurred eyes again to the horizon. Where could he be, the man he sought in the heart of this solitude? Surely he should be here by now, if he had left the water-hole at dawn. Could he have gone the longer route, south to the Fork? The possibility of such a thing seared through him like a hot iron, driving the dullness from his brain, the lethargy from his limbs. God! no! Fate could never play such a scurvy trick as that! The man must have been delayed; had failed to leave camp early—somewhere ahead, yonder where the blue haze marked the union of sand and sky, he was surely coming, riding half dead, and drooping in the saddle.

Again Keith rose in his stirrups, rubbing the mist out of his eyes that he might see clearer, and stared ahead. What was that away out yonder? A shadow? A spot dancing before his tortured vision? or a moving, living something which he actually saw? He could not tell, he could not be sure, yet he straightened up expectantly, shading his eyes, and never losing sight of the object. It moved, grew larger, darker, more real—yet how it crawled, crawled, crawled toward him. It seemed as if the vague, shapeless thing would never take form, never stand out revealed against the sky so he could determine the truth. He had forgotten all else—the silent desert, the blazing sun, the burning wind—all his soul concentrated on that speck yonder. Suddenly it disappeared—a swirl in the sand probably—and, when it rose into view again, he uttered a cry of joy—it was a horse and rider!

Little by little they drew nearer one another, two black specks in that vast ocean of sand, the only moving, living things under the brazen circle of the sky. Keith was ready now, his eyes bright, the cocked revolver gripped hard in his hand. The space between them narrowed, and Hawley saw him, caught a glimpse of the face under the broad hat brim, the burning eyes surveying him. With an oath he stopped his horse, dragging at his gun, surprised, dazed, yet instantly understanding. Keith also halted, and across the intervening desert the eyes of the two men met in grim defiance.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Heavy Luggage.

Every tramp squares and squares with a heavy bag or suit case in your hand—the weight apparently increasing every minute! It's trying, nerve-racking and decidedly uncomfortable, isn't it? People who have experienced this will surely call down blessings upon the head of the inventor of rat-tan or straw bags and suit cases. They have so little weight and the cost is so slight that every girl or man who goes away for short trips where a small case is necessary and where the luggage must be carried by hand should invest in one of these sensible luggage carriers.

Eagle Nest in Western New York. An eagle's nest, with five little eaglets, is on the Davis farm in the town of Somerset, Niagara county, on the shores of Lake Ontario.

For many seasons past two American eagles have made their headquarters at the Davis farm, but never until this season did they nest, and so far as known it is the first time that a nest has been built in Niagara county. The eaglets are carefully guarded by the old birds as well as by the members of the Davis family. Hunters are forbidden by law to shoot the birds.—Rochester Post Express.

Painting With a Sponge.

An artist whose work in water color is described in the Studio says that because the sable brushes are too small, she uses for certain sweeping effects of light and shade on the dresses, for example, a sponge. This artist is described as using water colors, not within the narrow limitations of usual prescribed, but as an individual means of expression. She sometimes joins three pieces of the water color board together to make the pictures she likes to produce in this medium.

No Time Wasted.

Olaf Larson, working in a millinery warehouse, backed into an elevator shaft and fell down five stories with a load of boxes. Horror-stricken, the other employees rushed down the stairs, only to find him picking himself unhurt out of the rubbish. "Ess de boss mad?" he whispered cautiously. "Ta! em Ay had to come down for nails anyway!"—Success Magazine.

Shipwreck Safer.

It is getting so that it is safer to be shipwrecked on the ocean than it is to be a passenger in a skidding automobile.—Syracuse Herald

THREE MEN SLAIN

NEBRASKA POSSE KILLS TWO CONVICTS AND THEIR FARMER CAPTIVE.

ONE FUGITIVE GIVES UP

Running Battle Is Fought for Miles Before Escaped Murderers Are Shot Dead by Pursuers—Fight Near Omaha.

Omaha, Neb.—John Dowd and John Taylor, alias "Shorty" Gray, two of the convicts who escaped last Thursday from the state penitentiary at Lincoln, and Roy Blunt, an innocent victim of their murderous attempt to gain liberty, are dead as the result of a battle between the bandits and law officers.

Taylor was slain by a posse. It is believed Dowd also was killed by the posse, but his surviving companion says he committed suicide.

Charles Morley, the third of the trio, saved his life by surrendering to the officers, with whom he had fought a running battle for two and a half miles over country roads with horses on the gallop.

Armed with shotguns and revolvers, while their pursuers had repeating rifles, the convicts were within a few miles of Omaha, where they expected to find friends who would shield them, when the fatal battle took place.

Early in the day the telephone operator at Gretna, 15 miles south of this city, gave the alarm of the presence in that vicinity of the desperate men. Six posses soon were ready to attempt the capture. These included a band of Omaha detectives and patrolmen, Sheriff McShane of this county and his deputies and Sheriff Hyers and his deputies from Lincoln. Sheriff Chase of Sarpy county, with his deputies, are also within striking distance. South Omaha sent two posses under Chief of Police Briggs and the Gretna company of the National Guard was on the scene.

Chief Briggs of South Omaha and his deputy, John C. Trouton, were leaders in the party which overtook and vanquished the three convicts and shot Blunt, the innocent victim. Briggs left this city on an early special train with several Omaha police officers. All left the train at Springfield and there learned of the movements of the convicts.

Eight miles from Omaha the officers caught up with the vehicle carrying the convicts, near Mowinkle school. Young Blunt was forced to lash his horses into a run, but the officers kept up the chase.

When they were within a hundred yards of the pursued men Briggs and Trouton opened fire with their rifles. The convicts replied.

There was a halt when young Blunt toppled back into the wagon, the victim of a bullet. Chief Briggs jumped from his buggy and fired at the men in the wagon. Other members of the posse joined in the fusillade. John Dowd was the next to fall. Taylor fell the next instant.

Chief Briggs shouted to Morley: "Drop that gun or I'll blow your head off."

Morley, who held a big revolver, dropped the weapon and Briggs ordered him to come forward with hands up. This Morley did, when Briggs took a second revolver from one of his pockets. Briggs demanded that Morley surrender the other men in the wagon.

"They are all dead," said Morley.

The bodies of the convicts were turned over to Sheriff Hyers of Lincoln, and that of young Blunt to his family. Hyers took Morley back to Lincoln.

BOILER BLAST KILLS 32

Locomotive Wrecks the Southern Pacific Roundhouse at San Antonio—Bodies Blown Into Bits.

San Antonio, Tex.—At least thirty-two men were killed and parts of their bodies strewn for blocks around when a big passenger engine in the Southern Pacific shops blew up here. The engine stood in a square formed by the copper-house, blacksmith-shop and roundhouse, all of which were wrecked. A portion of the locomotive crashed into a house seven blocks away and seriously hurt a woman.

AVIATORS' BOMBS KILL TURKS

Italians Drop Explosives From Army Aeroplanes With Deadly Accuracy—Ten Are Slain.

Benghazi, Tripoli.—Bombs dropped from an aeroplane belonging to the Italians killed ten Arabs in a Turkish camp some distance from this city.

The aeroplane, driven by an army aviator and carrying an officer as passenger, left the Italian camp and flew at a considerable altitude into the desert, where a strong Turkish and Arab encampment was found in a well-sheltered position.

German Publisher in United States. New York.—Louis Ulstein, one of Germany's foremost publishers and part owner of four daily newspapers, nine weeklies and as many magazines, arrived here and will seek to get an idea of the manner in which American publications are handled.

Sugar Convention Renewed. Brussels.—The sugar convention was renewed for another five years by the international sugar conference. The renewal becomes effective September 1, 1913.

ECZEMA AND ITCHING ERUPTIONS

Dentist Says Resinol Works Like Magic.

More and more are the wonders of Resinol. No itching surface but what is relieved instantly by its use, and the list of diseases which are permanently benefited is growing daily in numbers and cases.

This dentist says it is the real thing. Glance over what he says:

"I have given Resinol Ointment to patients troubled with Eczema and it always worked like magic. One lady after spending \$100 in various ways was cured by the use of a 50-cent jar of Resinol Ointment. It is the real thing for Eczema and all itching eruptions."

"F. M. STEVENS, D.D. S., Dover, N.H."

Resinol Ointment is an effective and reliable remedy in all forms of inflammation, eruption and irritation of the skin. It is an immediate remedy for itching or inflamed piles and a great curative application for eczema, tetter, milk crust, pimples, scalds, burns, chilblains, chapped hands, boils, felon, cuts and all inflamed and irritated skin surfaces. Resinol Soap by its antiseptic and healing properties assists the work of Resinol Ointment. Try a fifty-cent jar of Ointment, to be gotten from your druggist, and you will be more than satisfied with the expenditure. Free sample can be had by writing to Department 85, Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

SUBTLE HUMOR.



Cholly—What's the time, old chap? I've an invitation to dinner at seven, and my watch isn't going.

Gussie—Why, wasn't your watch invited, too, dear boy?

What is in a Name?

A Chicago man who hardly knew one tune from another made the mistake of taking a knowing woman to a concert at Orchestra hall. The selections were apparently familiar to him, but when the "Wedding March" of Mendelssohn was being played he began to evince some interest.

"That sounds familiar," he said. "I am not strong on these classical things, but that's a good one. What is it?"

"That," gravely replied the woman, "is the 'Maiden's Prayer.'"

Summing It Up.

"Was the charity ball a success?"

"Oh, yes, indeed. They say the gowns must have cost a half million at least."

"And how much was raised for charity?"

"Why, nearly \$700. Wasn't that fine?"

HARD TO DROP

But Many Drop It.

A young Calif. wife talks about coffee:

"It was hard to drop Mocha and Java and give Postum a trial, but my nerves were so shattered that I was a nervous wreck and of course that means all kinds of ills."

"At first I thought bicycle riding caused it and I gave it up, but my condition remained unchanged. I did not want to acknowledge coffee caused the trouble for I was very fond of it."

"About that time a friend came to live with us, and I noticed that after he had been with us a week he would not drink his coffee any more. I asked him the reason. He replied, 'I have not had a headache since I left off drinking coffee, some months ago, till last week, when I began again, here at your table. I don't see how anyone can like coffee, anyway, after drinking Postum!'"

"I said nothing, but at once ordered a package of Postum. That was five months ago, and we have drunk no coffee since, except on two occasions when we had company, and the result each time was that my husband could not sleep, but lay awake and tossed and talked half the night. We were convinced that coffee caused his suffering, so we returned to Postum, convinced that the coffee was an enemy, instead of a friend, and he is troubled no more by insomnia."

"I, myself, have gained 8 pounds in weight, and my nerves have ceased to quiver. It seems so easy now to quit the old coffee that caused our aches and ills and take up Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

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Telephone Antioch 581

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1912

Ablest Man in General Assembly

The Eighth Senatorial District has, for more than a decade past, enjoyed the distinction of being represented by the ablest man in the General Assembly, Edward D. Shurtleff.

Of unimpeachable integrity, unwavering devotion to the people, revered by his friends and respected by his enemies, he has exercised greater influence over legislation than any man since the time of E. M. Haynes in the early eighties. Like him, he is an Independent Republican in politics, and in taking a stand on important matters of legislation, he exercises a watchful vigilance over the welfare of the people, not only of his own district, but of the whole state. To him may be ascribed the defeat of the \$482,220.76 tax levy on the Eighth District for the construction of the deep waterway which he maintains is unjust as we should not receive a dollar's worth of benefit from said tax.

He also opposed and by his influence defeated bill 267, providing for a State Tax Commission of three members to be appointed by the Governor for four year terms at a salary of \$7,500 each, an aggregate of \$22,500 per year. He was opposed to and defeated bill 414 (Senate Journal 1911, page 581) providing for a "Council of Education" consisting of seven appointed members to superintend the certification of teachers of this state.

To him we are also indebted for the defeat in the House of Bill No. 175, (Senate Journal 1911, page 573) providing for a County Superintendent of Highways to be appointed by the Governor for four years, and also providing that "The county superintendent may be a resident of the county, or a resident of any other county, residence in the county not required." These and many other bills he opposed as having no object or purpose other than to build up and delegate more power to the Governor.

Mr. Shurtleff was admitted to the bar in 1885, elected to the House in 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906 and 1908, was elected Speaker in 1905 and again in 1907, being chosen both times by acclamation in the Republican House caucus.

He was again elected Speaker in 1909, and re-elected to the House in 1910; and there is not the slightest doubt that he will be returned in 1912.

Olson "Strangled" Bill 540

In looking over recent legislation relative to the Dairy interest, we submit to our readers this week a few facts which we have been at great pains to procure from the records of the Senate and House Journals of the last General Assembly, and respectfully refer our readers to days and dates, and also to the pages of the Journals on which the same may be found.

In the first place a committee was appointed in the legislature consisting of six House members and four Senators, of which E. D. Shurtleff was chairman and A. J. Olson a member, to investigate the reliability and efficiency of the Tuberculin Test.

After thorough investigation, the committee unanimously reported in favor of the anti-tuberculin test law, which is known as House Bill No. 55, (note it was not a Senate bill) and which is as follows:

A BILL For an act to prohibit the establishing and enforcing of the Tuberculin test for Dairy animals by any city, village incorporated town, county or other corporate authority in the State of Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Illinois represented in the General Assembly: That it shall be unlawful for any city, town, village, incorporated town, county or other corporate authority in the State of Illinois, by ordinance, rule or regulation other than may be established by the law of this state, to demand, fix, establish or require the tuberculin test to be applied to dairy animals as a means or measure of regulating and purifying milk, skimmed milk, cream and dairy products of said animals in any manner whatever, and every such ordinance, rule, by-law or regulation heretofore or hereafter passed, demanded, fixed, established or required by any such city, village, incorporated town, county or other corporate authority other than the State of Illinois, is hereby declared to be void and of no effect.

Introduced by Mr. Shepard, January 24, 1911.

Read by title, ordered printed, and referred to committee on Live Stock and Dairying when appointed.

Mr. Shurtleff drew the above bill and, as before stated, Mr. Shepard introduced it. The Chicago Tribune under date of July 13, 1911, specifically states, editorially, that Edward D. Shurtleff

successfully pushed this bill to a passage and severely censures him for his action.

The committee also reported in favor, and recommended the passage of Bill No. 540 which prohibited the importation into the state of diseased cattle, which Mr. Olson promised to support. Mr. Olson promised Senators McKenzie, Hearn, Pemberton and Funk that House Bill 540 should come out of his committee and have a fair chance on the floor. But he broke faith with not only them but a majority of both houses, knowing the only way to prevent its passage was to "strangle" it in his committee, which to his everlasting shame, he did. This act of treachery and breach of good faith has engendered a feeling of resentment towards him and also towards the Dairy interests; and a member of the legislature, and politician of statewide reputation is authority for the statement that at the next session, if Mr. Olson is sent back to represent the Eighth district they will repeal the anti-tuberculin test bill.

Now, Mr. Milk Producer, shall we send him back? In view of the above facts, are you going to believe what Mr. Olson hired Mr. Lumley to tell you—that he (Olson) should have the credit for Bill No. 55?

In taking a stand on any important question or the selection of candidates to office the newspaper is looked upon to express its views, and accordingly the News will express its choice for, and the reason why, we are for John E. Reardon for Circuit Clerk of Lake county.

Mr. Reardon is a young man who is in every way qualified for the office he seeks, having had years of experience in court matters and will make a capable and efficient official if the people decide to elect him to this important office.

We have the greatest respect for Mr. Brockway who has made an excellent official, has always been accommodating to the patrons of the office, but we feel that he has been very nicely treated by the people of Lake county for twelve years and that he should now make way for another.

We think Mr. Brockway is asking too much of his friends when he again asks them to support him for the fourth time when there are so many good men who are entitled to the position he holds.

Therefore, under the circumstances, we are for the nomination and election of John E. Reardon for the office of Circuit Clerk of Lake county.

The Honorable George Edmund Foss is still trying to impress upon his constituents that he is deserving their support, because he has introduced a bill in Congress to establish a fish hatchery in Lake county, a copy of which he distributed thought the mail last week.



To the Republican Voters of Lake County

In submitting my name as candidate for the important office of State's Attorney, I pledge to the voters my most earnest and unremitting efforts to enforce the law to the best of my ability, with due regard for the rights and interests of all.

My life since childhood has been spent in Lake County and my interest in a just and reasonable execution of the law is precisely the same as that of every law abiding citizen. The law lays down the powers and duties of the office to which I aspire and defines same. If elected, I will assume those powers and duties with a full sense of the responsibility thereby placed on me.

There is no other promise which such an officer can, in my opinion, properly make, and perform if made.

Respectfully
ETHAMAN W. COLBY.

Adjudication Notice

Public Notice is hereby given that the subscriber, Conservator of the estate of Victoria Yopp deceased will attend the County Court of Lake County at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan in said County on the first Monday of May next 1912, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

Dated this 9th day of March A. D. 1912.
FRED M. BENNINGSEN
Conservator as aforesaid.
E. M. Runyard, Attorney.

Probably.
The man who complains that the world isn't giving him his due would probably be pained if it did.



To the Republican Voters of the Eighth Senatorial District

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the Republican Primary election to be held April 9, 1912.

Previous to four years ago the Republicans of Boone county for more than thirty years, had been represented in the State Legislature at Springfield. During the last four years, however, Boone County has had no Republican, either in the Senate or House of Representatives. At the present time McHenry County has all the Republican members, the Senator as well as both members of the House of Representatives.

The Republicans of Boone County feel that they are entitled to representation, and being assured by many voters both of Lake and McHenry Counties, that there was again a disposition to give Boone County a Representative, I consented to become a candidate. I am the only candidate from Boone County, but on account of our small population, it will be necessary for me to receive substantial support from both Lake and McHenry Counties, if I am to be nominated. Do you think it is fair that McHenry County with only two-sevenths of the vote of the District should have the whole thing? Don't you think it is about time that Lake and Boone representing five-sevenths of the vote of the District, are entitled to something?

Having been raised on a farm and still being interested in agriculture dairying, and I am therefore somewhat familiar with the needs of the farmer in the way of legislation, and shall favor only such laws for regulating the dairy industry as are just and fair to the producers of milk.

I am unalterably opposed to the corrupt use of money to control primaries and elections. This is an evil which strikes at the very foundation of our government and institutions, and is a custom which has already become too prevalent. The people cannot expect honest public officials, if they are elected by the corrupt use of money. Certainly a person cannot afford to give his time to an office and besides spend four or five times the amount of his salary in campaign expenses. I believe we should have a corrupt practice act, making it incumbent on every candidate to report in detail under oath the amount of his campaign expenses and the source from which it came, and if elected I shall favor a measure of this character.

I believe in the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, and if elected I do hereby pledge myself to vote for the candidate for United States Senator, who shall receive the highest number of votes at the primaries.

I served two terms in the Legislature from 1904 to 1908 and am known to most of the voters of the District by reputation if not personally. If you think my record is such that I am entitled to another term, I shall appreciate your support, and if elected I shall endeavor as I always have heretofore, to represent you honestly, conscientiously, and faithfully.

Respectfully Yours,
FRANK R. COVEY.



ARTHUR BULKLEY

Candidate For Republican
Nomination For

STATES ATTORNEY

Primaries, April 9, 1912



LEWIS O. BROCKWAY Clerk of the Circuit Court. Candidate for Re-Election

Republican Primaries, April 9, 1912

HIS RECORD

First elected to office November 1900.
Number of documents recorded to date 60,380
Number of cases in court 5,017
Naturalization papers issued (first) 1,088
Naturalization papers issued (second) 543
Total earnings of the office to last annual settlement...\$80,025.50
Total expenses..... 61,596.72
Saving to tax payers \$18,432.78
All of the above facts will be gladly verified by the records.



We Make a Proposal

to you. If you can find any shoes as good, as ours which you can buy for less money bring ours back and get your cash back. That proves how strong our faith in our values is and we think a visit from you will prove its justification.

J. R. CRIBB
The City Shoe Store

Separation Sometimes Good.
Being sometimes asunder heightens friendship. The great cause of the frequent quarrels between relations is their being so much together.

Only Justifiable War.
The only war that the spirit of today can think of without shame is the indignant defense of a homeland which is a home for all.

Premature Escape.
In Rooks county, Kan., thirty years ago a man was charged with murder. The evidence was all in, the attorneys had made their pleas, and the jury was out deliberating. The man gave the sheriff the slip and has never been seen to this day. Five minutes after his escape the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.—Kansas City Journal.

The largest carpet and rug department in this part of the country.
Carpets at all prices from 35c. to 70c. A big assortment.
75 Big Rugs
From \$6.00 to \$40.00. Our present stock is a grand one. Brussels and Velvets. Our prices are very low. This is a line you should see before you buy.
SPECIAL OFFER We will bale and ship free of charge to your nearest depot any rug or carpet purchased from us.

C. G. FOLTZ & CO.
BURLINGTON, WISCONSIN
Carpets and Rugs

Farmers' Attention

I wish to announce to the farmers and the people of Antioch that I will fill any order that they bring to me for the same price they can purchase the same grade of goods from any catalogue house.

This will also save you the freight from Chicago.

William Hillebrand
Antioch Illinois

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Mar. 18.—Butter firm at 29c. Output for the week 800,000 lbs.

Willie King is ill with typhoid.
Read the Shurtleff article on page two.

Mrs. W. F. Ziegler was a Waukegan visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chase Webb were Chicago visitors Monday.

Mrs. C. M. Turner is visiting this week at Norwood Park.

Come and inspect the new wall paper stock at Overton's drug store.

Mrs. J. W. Blair left on Tuesday for her new home at Necedah, Wis.

Mrs. Harry Smith of Channel returned home from the hospital on Tuesday.

There will be no services or Sunday school in the M. E. Church next Sunday.

Reduction of prices on all lines. Rubber boots and shoes at Williams Bros.

Miss Mabel Turner of Grayslake was an Antioch visitor the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wiley returned home from their wedding trip Saturday afternoon.

For Sale or Rent—A house and three acres of land. Inquire of E. Sheehan, Loon Lake, Ill.

Miss Nettie Sluman of Waukegan was the guest of Miss Bertha Lewis the fore part of the week.

For Sale Cheap—A three horse power Fairbanks, Morse gasoline engine, used two years. Inquire at this office.

Miss Reba Burnett arrived home on Tuesday after having undergone an operation for appendicitis in Chicago.

For Sale—About twenty tons slough hay, baled. \$11.30 per ton, or \$12.50 delivered. T. O'Brien, Bristol, Wis.

Mrs. Robt. Trieger of Norwood Park spent a couple of days this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Johnson.

Mrs. Claude Brogan entertained the five hundred club at her home last Friday evening. A most enjoyable time was had by all.

For Rent—Channel Lake hotel, good location for summer resort or clubhouse. Good garden and grounds. Apply to Mrs. A. B. Paddock, Antioch, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Williams returned home on Monday after having spent the past month at various points in Colorado, Nebraska and Kansas.

All persons having bills against the village of Antioch are hereby requested to send same to the clerk on or before Saturday, March 30, 1912. L. M. Hughes, Clerk.

The Moler-Barber College of Chicago wants men to learn the barber trade. They offer splendid inducements and a short term completes. They mail free a beautiful catalogue and ask all our readers to send for it.

Shoninger Pianos are now sold by Alden, Bidinger & Co., in addition to those they have sold heretofore. See them for anything in the music line. Two stores, 466 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan.

I will have my Easter opening on Saturday, March 30. I have employed an expert milliner to prepare for this occasion and I invite the ladies of Antioch and vicinity to call and see my new Easter goods. Miss Addie Schaffer, w2

Mrs. Wm. Harrower who recently underwent an operation at the McAllister hospital in Waukegan is getting along very nicely and expects to be able to leave the hospital this week although she will probably not return to her home here for a couple of weeks.

Card of Thanks

We wish to express to our neighbors and friends our appreciation for their many acts of kindness in our recent bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Blair
Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith

Notice

Announcement is hereby made that the colors of the Primary Ballots to be used at a Primary Election to be held in Lake county, Illinois, on the ninth day of April, A. D. 1912, by the respective parties will be as follows:

Republican Party—White.
Democratic Party—Green.
Prohibition Party—Blue.
Socialist Party—Pink.

Dated the twentieth day of March, A. D. 1912.

LEW A. HENDEE,
County Clerk.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Plummer*

Specimen Ballot

ELECTION TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1912

W S Rinear
Town Clerk



PEOPLE'S TOWN TICKET



For Town Clerk
W. S. RINEAR



FOR ASSESSOR,
C. E. VAN PATTEN



For Collector,
WALTER T. TAYLOR



For Highway Commissioner,
PETE LARSON



For Justice of the Peace
HARRY A. ISAACS



For Constable,
FRANK HOOPER



For Town Committee,
GEORGE WEBB



ROY PIERCE



EUGENE HERMAN



FOR levying a special tax of thirty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation of all the taxable property, including railroad in Antioch township for one year for the purpose of constructing and maintaining gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads in said township.



AGAINST levying a special tax of thirty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation of all the taxable property, including railroads, in Antioch township for one year for the purpose of constructing and maintaining gravel, rock, macadam or other hard roads in said townships

O. W. CHANDLER

O. W. Chandler
Burlington, Wisconsin

Are you going to buy a piano? Call at the store of C. G. Foltz & Co., and let me show you the most perfect piano ever offered the people for the low price, I offer you this piano. I am under no expense. The price is for cash only, 25 years guarantee. Regular price \$450.00. My price for a limited time \$275.00. Let me show you all about this piano.



RALPH J. DADY
STATE'S ATTORNEY

Candidate For Re-Election
Primaries April 9, 1912



Paul MacGuffin

Lake County's Candidate for
STATE SENATOR

Primary Election, April 9th.

GEORGE W. PAULLIN

Republican Candidate
For Congress



GEORGE W. PAULLIN, Republican Candidate for Congress Tenth District, has been active in mercantile and public affairs in Chicago for over twenty-five years. Although educated as a lawyer and admitted to the bar of this State, he selected mercantile business as his field of endeavor has succeeded in establishing himself as a leading fur importer and manufacturer. In 1905 he was elected a Trustee of the Sanitary District of Chicago, on a platform of Aggressive Honesty. He was re-elected in 1908 and has served continuously as chairman of the committee on Judiciary. He was a member of the Chicago Charter convention; for ten years a director of the Evanston Public Library; has served on many important civic committees and always has been an uncompromising foe of vicious legislation. He earnestly solicits your support on his public and private record.

HE IS AN ACTIVE NOT A PASSIVE MEN

MARCH FOR BARGAINS

We want to make this March the banner March in the history of our business and we are going to make special price reductions all through our entire lines. We quote a few of our many specials which we shall offer:

Groceries

Hoyt's best flour sack	\$1.35
Ceresota flour sack	1.60
Armours lard, lb.,	.11
Armours compound, lb.,	.09
Qt. can Bismarck pickles	.18
Maple leaf cheese, pkg.,	.07
Oriole corn flakes	.05
17 lbs. granulated sugar	1.00
7 bars Fairy soap	.25
12 bars Calumet family soap	.25
Bottle St. Croix maple syrup	.20
Yacht club salad dressing	.20
Pound bakers chocolate	.30
Kellogg's corn flakes	.07
Pound pail bugle tobacco	.30
7 pkgs dukes mixture	.25
7 10c pkgs old mill tobacco	.50
Pound pail white seal tobacco	.30
10 lb. pail spiced herring	.69
4 cans mustard sardines	.25
Fancy full cream cheese	.20
Smoked herring boned and skinned, lb.,	.16
Sulphur, lb.,	.05
Epsom salts	.10
Qt. can pine tar	.18
Denatured alcohol qt.,	.25

Boots and Shoes

\$4.00 men's fine shoes	2.75
3.50 men's fine shoes	2.50
3.00 men's fine shoes	2.25
2.00 boy's patent fine shoes	1.50
2.00 boy's tan shoes	1.50
4.50 men's rubber boots	3.90
4.25 men's rubber boots	3.65

4.00 men's rubber boots	3.40
2.50 men's felt overs	1.75
2.25 men's felt overs	1.60
1.65 men's heavy arctics	1.25
1.60 men's light arctics	1.15
1.25 men's storm Alaskas	.90
Men's plain rubbers, pr.	.39

Patent Medicines

Peruna	.85
Lydia Pinkhans compound	.85
Caldwells syrup of pepsin	.43
St. Jacob's oil	.43
Syrup of figs	.43
Watkin's or Wards Liniment	.43
Shoop's cough syrup	.43
Foley's honey and tar	.43
Sloan's Liniment	.85
Sloan's Liniment	.43
Castoria	.25
Electric bitters	.43
Hood's sarsaparilla	.85
Hood's sarsaparilla	.85
Father John's medicine	.89
Kodol	.89
Scotts Emulsion cod liver oil	.85
Beecham's Pills	.22
Carbolic salve	.22
Groves Bromo Quinine	.22
Camphor gun, oz. cake	.05

Underwear

1/2 off on all winter Underwear.

Dress Goods

1-5 off on all wool dress goods.

BATTERSHALL'S

Department Store

Grayslake

Illinois

TRY TO KILL JUDGE

ROSALSKY HAS NARROW ESCAPE FROM BEING BLOWN UP BY BOMB.

SEES DANGER; CALLS POLICE

Jurist's Library Wrecked and Inspector Egan Badly Hurt by Explosion That Follows When the Latter Opens Mailed Packages.

New York.—Judge Otto A. Rosalsky of the court of general session came within a hair's breadth of being killed here by a bomb received through the mail.

It was only a defect—said to be a small accumulation of dirt—in the mechanism of the internal machine, which the justice had unsuspectingly opened, that saved him from probable death or certain injury.

The bomb later exploded while being examined by Inspector Owen Egan of the bureau of combustibles, seriously injuring the official about the face and hands. The library of the apartment was wrecked.

The intended victim of the explosion has been given a great deal of publicity lately in connection with the Brandt case. It was Judge Rosalsky who sentenced Brandt to a 30-year term for burglary at Montrose L. Spaulding's home in 1927, and who recently reversed his action.

The attack upon the jurist is the first case of such violence attempted against a judge here within memory, and it set the whole machinery of the police department speedily at work upon the mystery.

The bomb came by mail and was delivered by a postman to Judge Rosalsky's apartment, on Riverside drive. It was accepted by the mail and placed on the table in Judge Rosalsky's library to await his coming.

An hour later Judge Rosalsky reached home and, unsuspectingly, began to open the package, while talking to his wife. He took off the wrapper and found a plain white pasteboard box. Judge Rosalsky's own story of what then happened followed: "I opened the cover, and the box with the lightest of sounds, first slipped out of the contents was enough. I backed out of the room as quickly as my feet would carry me, taking to my wife and brother-in-law. The bomb, it is said, exploded and no trace of it was seen. The police headquarters a special request for experts on bombs. Inspector Egan came with David I. Kelly, superintendent of the bureau of combustibles.

Egan went to work, examining the bomb cautiously. He took out a little box of matches, which he found contained a substance which he called out to the telephone and a moment later I heard the bomb go off. I rushed in and found poor Egan staggering about the floor, his right hand and finger of his right hand had been blown off and the whole hand mangled. His face was full of bleeding wounds and his forehead and left hand were terribly lacerated.

"It is one of the worst things that I have ever seen," said Kelly, "and I feel that this moment that I would rather have opened that package myself than to have stood by and permitted Egan to touch it as he did."

NICARAGUA IS FOR PEACE

Country Appeals Through Secretary Knox for Action by U. S. Senate.

Washington.—In response to an appeal from the people of Nicaragua Secretary of State Knox cabled President Coolidge to urge consideration of the Nicaraguan loan convention which has been buried in the senate committee on foreign relations for more than a year.

"The prompt action of the United States senate on the Nicaraguan convention is anxiously and prayerfully hoped for by the government and the people of Nicaragua," cables Mr. Knox. "While I was in Nicaragua that request was made to me and that by all classes of people 'help' was maintained."

PAY HONOR TO CLEVELAND

Exercise Commemorative of Seventy-Fifth Anniversary of His Birth Held in New York.

New York.—Exercises commemorating the seventy-fifth anniversary of the birth of Grover Cleveland were held in the great hall of the College of the City of New York.

Triumph by letter came from President Taft, Governor Dix, Alton B. Parker, Oscar W. Underwood, Mayor Gaynor, Richard D. Webb, Secretary of state, Senator-elect Hoke Smith of Georgia, David L. Francis of Missouri, and Gov. Judson Harmon of Ohio. Cleveland's cabinet, and many others.

Southern Trains Delayed. Washington.—Traffic on the Southern railway, which has been so paralyzed during the past forty-eight hours by the heavy rain, gradually assuming its normal condition. A train from the south is running on schedule and because of the damage done by the rain to roadbeds and bridges.

Rear Admiral Melville Dead. Philadelphia.—Rear Admiral George W. Melville, retired, and former chief of the United States navy here at the age of seventy-one years.

CHURCHMEN IN RIOT

THIRTY MEMBERS OUSTED FROM CLEVELAND EDIFICE BY POLICE.

Dissatisfied Parishioners Attack Refractory When He Attempts to Read Letters From Bishop.

Cleveland, Ohio.—After thirty riotous parishioners of St. Michael's Catholic church had been ejected from the edifice and eight of them arrested by policemen Rev. Father J. M. Pauls, the object of their attack, began his sermon with these words: "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."

A large proportion of the parish, one of the most prominent in Cleveland, has been dissatisfied with Father Pauls. A week ago the pastor was hooted and jeered as he strove to read letters from Bishop Farrelly and the apostolic delegate at Washington in vindication of his assignment to the pastorate.

When the police had ejected the malcontents, Father Pauls, sitting in the sanctuary with an officer on either side, read the letters, though all was confusion. Then he told the congregation that he had come as a priest or a soldier obeying orders, as the bishop had assigned him to the church. He had sought to reason, but Bishop Farrelly had told him that would disrupt the parish.

Threats of dynamiting caused the police to establish a guard about the pastor's residence. Those arrested at church were released later.

WILL TRY 54 MEN TOGETHER

Judge Anderson at Indianapolis Declines Against Separate Trials in Dynamite Conspiracy Case.

Indianapolis, Ind.—All the defendants indicted for violation of federal statutes governing transportation of explosives, 54 in number, must go to trial in one cause October 1, according to the final ruling of Judge A. B. Anderson, after he had heard arguments of attorneys for the defense and a motion for separate trials. In the consolidation of the cases the indictments against 54 men are merged into one "with 123 counts, 25 of which charge conspiracy to violate the statutes forbidding the carrying of dynamite and nitroglycerin, and the sending of trains and 100 charges of violation by the defendants of the statutes of the state of Indiana." The defendants are James B. McNamara and Herbert S. Harkin. The other 52 are unnamed.

SHOOT AT KING OF ITALY

Anarchist Attempts Regicide as He Leaves Palace for Humbert Memorial.

Rome, Italy.—An attempt was made to assassinate King Victor Emmanuel here. Several shots were fired at the king, but all missed their target, and his majesty escaped unhurt. His assailant was arrested. He gave his name as Antonio Dalba.

The king was just leaving the palace on his way to the Pantheon to attend the annual memorial service in honor of his father, King Humbert. Dalba fired several shots from behind the crowd in the street. One of the officers of the king's body guard fell dangerously wounded.

TWO LIABILITY BILLS PASS

Conflict in Compensation Acts of Michigan House and Senate—Arrange for a Compromise.

Lansing, Mich.—Both houses of the legislature passed workingmen's compensation bills, as recommended by Governor Osborn in his call for the special session.

The thirteen senators who have been standing in the way of giving immediate effect to the presidential primary bill on the ground that such action would be unconstitutional, voted to give immediate effect to a law prohibiting the carrying of ten-inch bladed knives, slungshots, razors, and other weapons. The bill went through under suspension of the rules and the house took similar action when it reached that body.

TRAIN MESSENGER KILLS TWO

Mailman and Run Used to Slay Bandits.

Mailman and Run Used to Slay Bandits. A mailman and a runner were killed by a train messenger in Texas.

San Antonio, Tex.—San Antonio express messenger named David A. Truesdale is the hero of all Texas. Starting unarmed and covered with two revolver held by a masked train messenger, he emerged from a dead end on either side by the body of a dead bandit.

That, in brief, sums up the fatal error made by a pair of desperadoes when they attempted to hold up a Southern Pacific train No. 99 at a lonely point in Texas.

At the same time, a \$20,000. San Francisco.—Abe Attell, ex-feather-weight champion, has filed suit for \$20,000 damages against Jim Buckley, manager for the fight, claiming that Buckley had offered him \$4,000 if he would lay down in the recent Murphy-Attell fight.

For the record, the Supreme court will be asked as soon as the necessary application can be drawn to be heard on the patent monopoly case.

THE RUSH HOUR



SHOOT SIDNA ALLEN

SLAYER OF JUDGE FALLS IN BATTLE—GIRL VICTIM DIES.

LEADER ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Three Members of Virginia Outlaw Gang That Murdered Three Countess's Wife Slain in Conflict.

Hillville, Va.—A measure of vengeance was put to the Virginia outlaws in the mountain fastnesses near here.

Sidna and Flora Allen, two of the chiefs of the band which rode to the Carroll county courthouse and assassinated Judge Massey, Prosecutor Foster and Sheriff Webb, are in custody, both wounded severely.

Sidna Allen's wife is dead. She was shot in a battle with a posse in the mountains while helping defend her outlaw husband.

The fifth death was that of Miss Nancy Ayres, nineteen years old. She was shot accidentally during the fusillade in the courthouse.

All the three members of the assassin band, probably eighteen, are up in the mountains toward the North Carolina line. They are well armed and determined not to be captured.

The storming of Sidna Allen's house late in the day was the next thing to a bombardment. The posse trailed through the bush four miles up the ridge and surrounded his cabin, which stood in a grove. Expecting the posse, Allen was barricaded and well supplied with rifles and ammunition, which he had brought from a store in which he was a partner.

From behind stumps, rocks, trees and other natural obstacles on the mountain side the posse fired at the house. Allen fired at the posse as fast as the women of his family could reload his rifles. In a lull the posse rushed the house, broke down the doors and found Allen's wife dead and Allen groaning with wounds.

Attorney General Williams, who is here, declared that Sidna Allen's bullet killed Judge Massey.

Flora Allen, the cause of the tragedy, was taken to the lockup under a heavy guard. He slashed his throat with a combat knife, but his wound is not serious. His son Victor, Cabell Strickland and Byrd Marion were locked up as witnesses.

Victor, who was wounded in the courthouse firing, is not expected to live. The wounds of Kane and Worden, other jurors, and of Goad, the court clerk, are not serious.

Sugar Workers Get Pension. Jersey City, N. J.—Stockholders of the American Sugar Refining company here, unanimously passed a resolution providing for the pensioning of all employees more than sixty-five years of age. They are to be retired on a pension equal to one per cent. of their annual income, multiplied by the number of years of service. In the case of men the age limit is fixed at sixty years.

Virginia Outlaws in Roanoke Jail. Roanoke, Va.—Floyd Allen, the outlaw, his son Victor, and "Bud" Marion, all of whom are held as principals in the sensational shooting at Hillville, Va., were safely locked in the jail today after action by the authorities.

Seek to Promote Efficiency. New York.—The American Society for Promoting Efficiency was organized here by men representing all branches of business and professions. Hundreds of men hailing from every part of the nation were in attendance.

TERMS ARE REFUSED

SUSPENSION IN U. S. MINES PRE- DICTED TO OCCUR APRIL 1.

White Declines to Say If Strike Will Be Called, Meeting May Decide—British Workers in Deadlock.

New York.—"All negotiations with the anthracite coal operators are off," declared John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers of America, at the adjournment of the meeting between the miners and operators, in which the miners declined the operators' counter proposition. "I look for a general suspension of work April 1," he added.

"Will there be a strike?" he was asked.

"I can't say as to that," he replied. "The miners' officials will discuss that matter this afternoon."

The meeting between the miners and the operators was brief. Mr. White read to the operators the miners' reply to their rejection of the miners' demands. It was received without comment and the meeting adjourned without delay. None of the operators was willing to talk.

London, England.—Another deadlock has been reached in the negotiations for a settlement of the coal strike that is paralyzing industry through the United Kingdom, but Premier Asquith is endeavoring strenuously to bring the parties together. Meantime conditions through Great Britain are producing inconvenience to the public and suffering to the miners and their families.

PUTS SUGAR ON FREE LIST

House Passes Bill by Vote of 198 to 103—Measure Makes Big Cut in Revenue.

Washington.—The Democratic bill removing the tariff entirely from sugar imported into this country was passed by the house of representatives by a vote of 198 to 103.

According to the Democratic leaders the measure, if it becomes a law, will reduce the price of sugar to consumers about 1 1/2 cents a pound, an aggregate saving of \$115,000,000 annually to the households of the nation. The loss of \$53,000,000 revenue annually from sugar duties will be offset, under the Democratic plan, by the proposed tax on incomes over \$5,000 a year.

DR. H. W. WILEY RESIGNS

Famous Chemist Says "Pure Food Act Paralyzed or Discredited"—Own Ideas Trampled Upon.

Washington.—Declaring that for the last six years he had seen grow up an environment in the department "inhospitable" to his own ideas or the administration of the pure food law and had seen "the fundamental principles of the food and drug act, as they appeared to be, one by one paralyzed or discredited," Dr. Harvey Wiley issued an explanation of his resignation as chief of the bureau of chemistry in the department of agriculture, which he had sent to Secretary Wilson.

Duchess of Buccleuch Is Dead. Edinburgh.—The duchess of Buccleuch died at her estate, Dalkeith house, near this city, after a short illness. She was the daughter of the first duke of Abercorn. The duchess is survived by the duke, five sons and two daughters.

Paris Police Chief Honored. Paris.—M. Lefevre, the famous Paris chief of police, was elected an academician, or member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences, over eight competitors here.

Sick Women

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured many cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble? Here are five letters from southern women which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.
Elliston, Va.—"I feel it my duty to express my thanks to you and your great medicine. I was a sufferer from female troubles and had been confined in bed over one third of my time for ten months. I could not do my housework and had fainting spells so that my husband could not leave me alone for five minutes at a time.
"Now I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. Whenever I see a suffering woman I want to tell her what these medicines have done for me and I will always speak a good word for them."—Mrs. ROBERT BLANKENSHIP, Elliston, Montgomery Co., Va.

LETTER FROM LOUISIANA.
New Orleans, La.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was troubled with hot flashes, weak and dizzy feelings, backache and irregularities. I would get up in the morning feeling tired out and not fit to do anything.
"Since I have been taking your Compound and Blood Purifier I feel all right. Your medicines are worth their weight in gold."—Mrs. GASTON BLOXDEAU, 1541 Polymnia St., New Orleans, La.

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.
Waucho, Fla.—"Some time ago I wrote to you giving you my symptoms, headache, backache, bearing-down, and discomfort in walking, caused by female troubles.
"I got two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a package of Sanative Wash and that was all I used to make me a well woman. I am satisfied that if I had done like a good many women, and had not taken your remedies, I would have been a great sufferer. But I started in time with the right medicine and got well. It did not cost very much either. I feel that you are a friend to all women and I would rather use your remedies than have a doctor."—Mrs. MATTIE HONOR, Box 406, Waucho, Florida.

LETTER FROM WEST VIRGINIA.
Martinsburg, W. Va.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done wonders for my mother, daughter and myself.
"I have told dozens of people about it and my daughter says that when she hears a girl complaining with cramps, she tells her to take your Compound."—Mrs. MARY A. HOCKENSHAW, 712 N. 3rd St., Martinsburg, W. Va.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.
Newport News, Va.—"About five years ago I was troubled with such pains and bloating every month that I would have to go to bed.
"A friend told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I soon found relief. The medicine strengthened me in every way and my doctor approved of my taking it.
"I will be glad if my testimony will help some one who is suffering from female weakness."—Mrs. W. J. BLAYTON, 1039 Hampton Ave., Newport News, Va.

Why don't you try this reliable remedy?

Guess What.
Tom—Yes, Miss Roxley and I are strangers now. I've been asked not to call there again.
Jack—I'll bet old Roxley had a hand in that.
Tom—Well or not a hand exactly.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—men of "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' practices for many years. Now dedicated to the public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Remedy is Astringent, Soothe and Moisturizing.

In every action, reflect upon the end, and in your undertaking it consider why you do it.—Jeremy Taylor.
A long life and a merry one may be expected by those who use Garfield Tea, the natural herb regulator. For sale at all drug stores.
Some people love to tell the truth—when they think it will hurt.

A Drop of Blood

Or a little water from the human system when thoroughly tested by the chief chemist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., tells the story of impoverished blood—nervous exhaustion or some kidney trouble. Such examinations are made without cost and is only a small part of the work of the staff of physicians and surgeons under the direction of Dr. R. V. Pierce giving the best medical advice possible without cost to those who wish to write and make a full statement of symptoms. An imitation of nature's method of restoring waste of tissue and impoverishment of the blood and nervous force is used when you take an alternative and glyceric extract of roots, without the use of alcohol, such as

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Which makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgment. Get what you ask for!

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

*2.25 *2.50 *3.00 *3.50 *4.00 & *5.00
For MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS
THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Patent Color Eyelets used.

"For Every Little Family Ailment" Vaseline

"Vaseline" is the purest, simplest, safest home remedy known. Physicians everywhere recommend it for its softening and healing qualities.
Nothing so good as "Vaseline" for all affections of the skin, scratches, sores, etc. Taken internally, relieves colds and coughs. For sale everywhere in attractive glass bottles.
Accept no substitute for "Vaseline"
Our free "Vaseline" Booklet tells you many ways in which "Vaseline" can be useful to you. Write for your copy today.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
17 State Street (Consolidated) New York

NOT AN OBJECTION.



Mr. Hardhead—I have called, sir, to ask for the hand of your daughter. Old Gentleman (with emotion)—She is the only child I have, and her mother is gone. Mr. Hardhead (hastily)—Oh, that's no objection, I assure you.

PHYSICIAN SAID ECZEMA CAME FROM TEETHING

"When my little girl was about eight months old, she was taken with a very irritating breaking out, which came on her face, neck and back. When she first came down with it, it came in little watery-like festers under her eyes, and on her chin, then after a few days it would dry down in scaly, white scabs. In the daytime she was quite worrisome and would dig and scratch her face nearly all the time.

"I consulted our physician and found she was suffering from eczema, which he said came from her teething. I used the ointment he gave me and without any relief at all. Then I wrote for a book on Cuticura, and purchased some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I did as I found directions in the Cuticura Book-let, and when she was one year old, she was entirely cured. Now she is three years and four months, and she has never been troubled with eczema since she was cured by the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. (Signed) Mrs. Freeman Craver, 311 Lewis St., Syracuse, N. Y., May 6, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Quite So.
"Pa, what is a 'lody fortune?'"
"A clean, crisp, ten-dollar bill, my son."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

Many a man can't afford to dress well because his wife does.

When the Millennium comes Garfield Tea and Holy Church will not be longer needed.

Some women are passing fair—and some others cannot pass.

FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give full particulars of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a box. For free package address: Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the threshing return from a 100-acre farm in 1910. Many fields of that size as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE

HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values about double in two years. Grain growing, raised farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts. 160 acre pre-emption \$100 per acre. School lands in certain areas. Schools and churches in every settled district. Climate excellent. The richest soil, water and timber. Write today to the nearest land office or to the nearest railway station for a location. Descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "East West," and other information, write to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

G. J. Broughton, 1118 Kensington Ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada. J. H. Hall, 125 1/2 St., Milwaukee, Wis.

REAL ESTATE

WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS for \$12-\$18 the finest mixed farming districts in Canadian West. Close to Prince Albert, Sask., splendid large point. Free Government homesteads also within 25 miles of city. Crops excellent, settlement coming in fast. For free literature and maps write: Julius S. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

FOR SALE Twin Falls District. Sixty acres alfalfa land. Idaho's finest irrigated fruit and alfalfa land. 1/4 mile from railroad. 67 acres improved. Four acres orchard. Apples, etc. Write W. S. Daniels & Co., 1024 1/2 1st St., Denver, Colo.

THE BEST INVESTMENT TODAY is "arm land along the line of the new Grand Trunk Pacific Ry. in Northern British Columbia. Price \$12 to \$25 an acre, easy terms. All land carefully selected and guaranteed as represented. Write today. R. S. C. 1100 1/2 St., Victoria Building, Vancouver, Canada.

50,000 ACRES of rolling city limits. Denver, coming under irrigation. \$14.00 to \$20.00 per acre. Garden tract close to city. Write W. S. Daniels & Co., 1024 1/2 1st St., Denver, Colo.

ARKANSAS Cheap Land. Big Crops. The booklet "What About Arkansas" and tell me how much land you want to buy. H. B. Hancock, Dallas, Tex.

FORGET OLD DAYS

Must Taft and Roosevelt If They Do Kind of Fighting That's in Them.

LIKE DAMON AND PYTHIAS

Ties of Affection Broken by Colonel's Candidacy Not Equalled by Any Who Have Served for Friendship's Comparison.

By GEORGE CLINTON.
Washington—"If William H. Taft and Theodore Roosevelt are to do the kind of fighting for the next three months that it is in them to do they must keep their minds off the old days." It was the politician-legislator who has known both men intimately from the day when they began their Washington life, who said this.

President Taft did not believe until six o'clock Sunday, February 26, that Theodore Roosevelt was to declare himself, even in effect, an active candidate for the nomination. He hung on after other men had let go their hold to a faith that something in friendship would keep the colonel from saying the definite word which would put him into the field as a rival of the man who as secretary of war sustained him in executive endeavor. Mr. Roosevelt's friends say that Mr. Taft broke the bonds of friendship when he departed three years ago from the promised path. The blame is thrown one way by some men and another way by others, but wherever it belongs the friendship seemingly has gone, though it may be, as Mr. Taft is reported to have said recently to one of his friends, that one day after the troubles time when retirement comes, it will return.

Damon and Pythias, David and Jonathan, Aeneas and Fides Achaetes and all the rest who have served so faithfully for friendship's comparisons must pass when the once existing affection of Theodore Roosevelt and William H. Taft for each other is considered.

The Ranking Officer.

There is a Washington newspaper story to the effect that the society editor of a local journal went to the White House one morning when Mr. Roosevelt was president to get some information on precedence and while there he asked some one who the ranking officer of the cabinet was. The president overheard the question and turning said: "The secretary of war." So he was to Theodore Roosevelt.

Many things showing the affection between Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft are brought to mind today by the breach between two men who once came as near to being one as human circumstances would admit. One night in December, 1907, two or three months before Mr. Taft became an announced candidate for the nomination, President Roosevelt, talking to some friends in the White House, said that the country was calling certain legislative policies "the Roosevelt policies." Then he said that he did not know whether they were Roosevelt policies or Taft policies. His uncertainty as to the proper name was due, he said, to the fact that long before he had any thought that one day he might be president of the United States he was thinking along lines of what he considered to be proper public policies, and wondering if ever they might be given legislative effect. While wondering he found out that another man was thinking along the same lines and also wondering if his thoughts might one day take the form of legislation. The other man, Mr. Roosevelt said, was William H. Taft. As the story came from Mr. Roosevelt, he entered into a correspondence with Mr. Taft, exchanged views and opinions and found that they were identical. Roosevelt said that from that date until the day he was speaking the two had been close in counsel, in friendship and in endeavor.

Story Pleased Taft.

It was only a few weeks ago that President Taft was told this story of the words of the man whom even then it was expected might be his rival in the 1912 field. He liked the story and said it was good to hear it.

Before the country knew generally that Mr. Roosevelt hoped that his secretary of war could be induced to become a candidate for the presidency a visitor at the White House asked him what progressive Republicans were to do on election day the following November provided the party insisted on nominating a reactionary. The president said that he hoped it would not be necessary for anybody "to go fishing"; that if the party should nominate as he hoped it would, William H. Taft, it would have a progressive candidate and if he was elected the country would have a progressive president. Then he added that his associations with Mr. Taft and his close friendship with him made him know just how he felt about real progressive legislation and just what he would do to further its cause if ever he became president.

There are a few Washington believers of a story somewhat widely told that Mr. Roosevelt broke with Mr. Taft before inauguration day, 1909. It is pretty well known that the predecessor watched with some misgivings the successor's cabinet making endeavors, but it is to be doubted if Mr. Roosevelt said, as he is reported to have said, "A cabinet like mine does not seem to be good enough for him and it may be that in a few weeks

policies like mine will not be good enough for him."

Want a Third Fort.
The refusal of the house of representatives to incorporate in the fortification bill the appropriation of \$150,000 for a site for a coast defense on Cape Henry was a sharp disappointment to most of the good Virginians in the house, to a good many army officers and unquestionably to the entire population of the tide-water section of the Old Dominion.

Fort Monroe today has the safety of several American cities in its keeping. It is the outpost defense of Washington and Baltimore, and with Fort Wool it stands as a sentinel keeping watch over Norfolk and Richmond. The army men and the Virginians think that a third sentinel should be posted, but congressmen have taken issue with them. Across the mingling waters of Chesapeake bay and the ocean lies Cape Charles, whose rough coast is visible on clear days to the gunners on Monroe's parapets, but if what has been said by supposed experts is true, no projectile which the big guns of the fort can hurl ever is likely to prove effective against battleships steaming into the channel close under the Charles promontory to make the run up the waters leading to the capital.

The forts at Cape Henry southward across the entrance to the inland waters, army men seem to think, would nearly perfect the system of defense, but the proposal for a Cape Henry fortification is only one of several plans which have been made from time to time to complete the defenses of the harbor, bay and river.

Hints at Selfish Interest.

There was a plan first to build a fort on Cape Charles itself, but later this was changed in favor of a plan to plant big guns on a half submerged island midway of the entrance to the Chesapeake. This plan was considered by congress several years ago, and there were hints that some selfish interests were connected with it, but no one ever made a direct charge, and there never was any proof advanced of what were but whispered insinuations.

It seems to be the full belief of many army officers that one day additional fortification in the vicinity of the Virginia capes will be authorized by congress. As things are now it is said that a foreign fleet with a pilot deserving the name on board the leading ship, could slip into the Chesapeake under cover of a haze while the shore artillermen, no matter how watchful, would know nothing of the movement until there was no target to fire at, but the broad wakes of the invading vessels.

Fort Monroe is said to be a bulwark of defense in itself, but it seems even to the layman that the picture drawn by some of the congressmen of a capital laid waste by the guns of a foreign fleet, or by troops which had secured a landing back of the present fortifications, is drawn with a free hand guided by a freer imagination. If vessels should succeed in getting by Fort Monroe they would have a hard time getting up the Potomac river, for below Washington the Potomac's channel is safe-guarded.

Make an Easy Target.
Pictures also have been drawn of the demolition of Richmond and Norfolk by hostile guns. It would seem that the Virginia capital and its seaport might be able to rest in confidence that no foe can come up the water to their troubling. The main ship channel at the mouth of the James is within easy great gun range of the parapets of Fort Monroe, and the gunner who could not hit so fair and confronting a mark as a battleship or a cruiser at double the distance would be discredited after one pushing of the electric button, and his place would be taken instantly by a man able to drive every projectile home—for the army is not worthless, there are many such men in the artillery ranks.

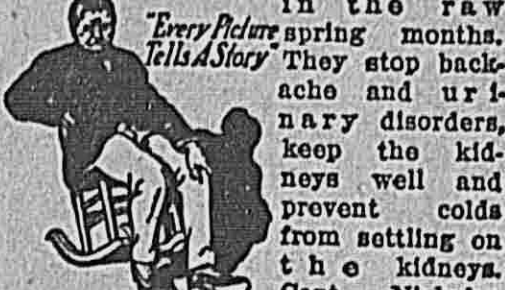
If the marksmen at Fort Monroe should happen to fall in their gunning there is perhaps little chance that their brother artillermen at Fort Wood would fall in theirs, for the enemy that would attempt to force a passage of the James would almost brush the muzzles of the smaller fort's guns. Artillermen have occasional chances to test their skill. A government tug tows red triangular pyramids made of cloth stretched on a framework of wood across the line of fire, while the men at the big rifles peg away at the targets drawn through the fire zone at a ten knot gait. In order to make a hit it is not necessary "to hit," for if it is found that the shot has made itself "effective" in space fore and aft of the target, not greater than that which would have been covered by the battleship, a hit is credited. It seems to be a fair system of marking, and is the only one used by the land and sea artillermen of the world when firing at moving marks.

Hits at Commerce Court.

Representative Thelus Willette Sims of Tennessee is the representative in congress who introduced the bill to abolish the commerce court. It probably will be remembered by most newspaper readers that the commerce court disagreed with a good many of the findings of the interstate commerce commission, and that the Supreme court stood by the commission, in some instances at any rate, and as a result there has been a good deal of agitation in favor of abolishing the so-called railroad court. This tribunal was created in part by the direct recommendation of President Taft, and there seems to be little likelihood at this session at any rate that any strong attempt will be made to get a bill through congress which shall wipe the court out of existence.

COLDS AND CHILLS BRING KIDNEY ILLS.

Colds, chills and grip strain the kidneys and start backache, urinary disorders and uric acid troubles. Doan's Kidney Pills are very useful in the raw spring months.



They stop backache and urinary disorders, keep the kidneys well and prevent colds from settling on the kidneys. Capt. Nicholas W. New, 322 E. First St., McPherson, Kans., says: "When I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I had just gotten over an attack of grip which had weakened my kidneys. My back ached continually and the kidney secretions caused great discomfort. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me entirely and I have had no kidney trouble since."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S," 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Curative Agent.

"Do you think an ice cold plunge is good for people?"
"Well," replied the indolent person, "I fell in while skating and I must admit that the fright cured me of hiccoughs."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Some men give a dollar with one hand and grab two with the other.

As a corrective for indigestion and a regulator of the system, no remedy can excel in purity and efficiency Garfield Tea.

A sermon is either based on a text or a pretext.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your right will refund money if KAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Love laughs at locksmiths, but it sometimes cries over spilled milk.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEL

Pumpkin Seed -
Almonds -
Sulphate of Soda -
Sulphate of Potash -
Sulphate of Magnesia -
Sulphate of Iron -
Sulphate of Zinc -
Sulphate of Copper -
Sulphate of Lead -
Sulphate of Barium -
Sulphate of Strontium -
Sulphate of Calcium -
Sulphate of Sodium -
Sulphate of Potassium -
Sulphate of Ammonium -
Sulphate of Magnesium -
Sulphate of Zinc -
Sulphate of Iron -
Sulphate of Copper -
Sulphate of Lead -
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RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Lee Sherwood spent Sunday in Chicago.

R. H. Sherwood shipped a carload of cows Monday.

C. B. Hamlin made a business trip to Grayslake Monday.

John Kerr transacted business in Grayslake Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fenster are moving to a farm in Wisconsin.

Joy Somers of Chicago called on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Andrew Lynch of Antioch called on friends here Monday.

A number of our business men were at the county seat Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nadr spent the first of the week in Chicago.

Miss Flora Pester returned Saturday from an extended visit in Chicago.

Mrs. P. R. Avery entertained a friend Mrs. D. Townsend, of Grayslake last Thursday.

Mrs. I. M. Douglas has been suffering from an attack of the grippe the past week.

N. G. Lentzner and Edgar Kerr took in the sights and sounds of Chicago Saturday and Sunday.

F. R. Sherwood of Glenwood spent Saturday night with his parents, returning to his duties early Sunday morning.

Miss Elizabeth Jarvis entertained a number of her young friends Saturday afternoon at a St. Patrick's party in honor of her sixth birthday.

Mrs. E. Shephardson returned from Morgan Park Sunday after a week's stay with her sister, Mrs. R. Dawson and family, who has been very sick.

Announcement

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Surveyor, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries to be held on April 9th, 1912. Your support will be very much appreciated.

JAMES ANDERSON, Jr.

GRASS LAKE

C. B. Little is visiting relatives and friends at Grass Lake.

Mr. Low and family are moving from Grass Lake to Antioch.

Mr. Richardson and family are moving from Grass Lake to the Sylvan Beach hotel.

About fifty of the neighbors and friends of Mrs. A. P. Little gathered at their home and gave her a surprise on her birthday which occurred Saturday, March 16. A very pleasant evening was spent by all. After refreshments were served all went home wishing her many happy returns of the day. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames, Nuthem, Paddock, Trieger, Burke, Selter, Rothers, Charles Runyard, Will Runyard, Panowski, Robert Runyard, John Cobb, Henry Little, King, Kiefer, C. E. Blunt, William Horton, Andrew Cobb, C. B. Little, Harry Cushing, James Hanrehan, Mrs. Asa Little, Miss Louise Rothers, Butch Rothers, Walter Selter.

Adjunction Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, executor of the last will and testament of John H. Hughes, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of May, next, 1912, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

ALEXANDER H. STEWART, Executor.

Heidecker & Parnalle, Attorneys for Executor, Waukegan, Ill., Feb. 4, 1912.

Announcement of Candidacy

Mortimer R. Miller, candidate for County Surveyor, is well posted on swamp land drainage work having been Engineer for several large Drainage Districts in Lake County.

MORTIMER R. MILLER.

Notice

Before buying elsewhere, give me a call, and look over my samples and styles of spring suits, made by the Victor Tailoring Co. All alterations made free of charge. I also have a fine line of the latest spring and summer dress goods by the yard.

Mrs. A. G. Watson

Best to Do It Well.

If you are going to kick at all it is just as well to get there with both feet.

SOME FACTS ABOUT SLEEP

Caused by a Withdrawal of Blood From the Brain, Says Modern Physiology.

All the organs of life rest in some way or other. The heart has an interval of rest between each combined act of contraction and expansion and the beginning of a fresh act. Between each expiration of the lungs and the succeeding inspiration there is a period of repose. Physiologists have calculated that the heart reposes during about one-fourth of the time.

Certain of the other organs suspend their activity in part during sleep. Old physiologists supposed that sleep was caused by the pressure of the blood on the brain. But modern physiology, with a tendency to regard the brain as the origin of all force and of all functions of the body, inclines to the view that sleep is caused by a withdrawal of blood from the brain.

As a rule, the larger the brain the more sleep it requires. Webster went to bed at nine o'clock and rose at five. General Grant used to say, during his campaigns, "I can do nothing without nine hours' sleep."

A curious trait has marked men of large brain—that of sleeping at will. Bonaparte used to throw himself on the ground and go to sleep within a space of two minutes. Pitt was a sound sleeper, and slept right after night in the house of commons while his colleagues watched the debate and roused him when it was necessary that he should speak.

Bas-Reliefs of the Stone Age.

Some large bas-reliefs dating from the Stone Age have just been discovered at Lanosel, in the French province of Dordogne. They are sculptured on the rock of a shallow grotto, and solely represent animals. It is thought that the primitive sculptors probably refrained from introducing the human figure in art by a tabu similar to the present Mohammedan tabu on such representation. The animals shown in the reliefs are reindeer, oxen, bisons, and a huge horse of prehistoric dimensions.

Words and Work.

"Brudren," said a darkey in a prayer meeting, "I feel's of I could talk 'em good in five minutes dan I could 'em in a year."

BARKER'S

IS THE MEDICINE FOR RHEUMATISM, GRIPPE, COLDS AND CATARRH. All Dealers

For Sale by E. H. Over on

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

\$25. DAILY

March 1st to
April 15th
1912

From ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS

TO

**Western Canada
Oregon, Idaho and the
North Pacific Coast**

**3 DAILY
TRAINS 3**

STEEL FRAMED, VESTIBULED, VACUUM CLEANED
ELECTRIC LIGHTED

EVENTS in the WEST

Annual Rose Festival, Portland, June 16-18, 1912
Montana State Fair, Helena, June 20-July 4, 1912
Grand Lodge, Order of Elks, Portland, July 9-13, 1912
Golden Follies Carnival, Seattle, July 15-20, 1912
18th Annual Interstate Fair, Spokane, Sept. 30 to Oct. 6, 1912
National Electric Ass'n, Seattle, June 10-14, 1912
National Encampment G. A. R., Los Angeles, Sept. 2, 1912
National Convention W. C. T. U., Portland, 1912
Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., Winnipeg, Sept. 14-21, 1912
Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco, 1915
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP RATES will be made for these events

ASK YOUR NEAREST
SOO LINE AGENT
OR WRITE
W. R. CALLAWAY, C. P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.



A Fight For the People FOR HUMAN RIGHTS. AGAINST CORPORATE WRONG.



GEORGE P. ENGELHARD

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

"I Stand for a Government by and for Men not by and for Money"

Harness should be oiled once a year

Just before spring work is the best time to have it done. I have an oiling tank holding one barrel of harness oil, in which I want to oil your harness for \$1.00 per set. The oiling will be thoroughly done. It will save you a disagreeable job. It will penetrate thoroughly around buckles and all other parts. It is better and cheaper than you can do it yourself.

H. J. BRÖGAN
The Harness Man

YOU PUT **\$100.00** INTO YOUR **BANK**
and you want to check out
10,000 cents.



You grow corn under the old methods. You cannot secure over 65 per cent of the nutrients at the best. Corn is handled at less cost into Silo—you get all you put in, and the Silo itself costs not to exceed one-third per ton that of any other form of construction.

Red Cedar Silo serves a lifetime. Foundation, roof or filling costs no more. Staves made by the oldest company in the business.

Kalamazoo and **Michigan**

Sole Agent,

J. W. VanDuzer
Antioch, Illinois.